



STOCKPORT
METROPOLITAN COUNCIL

healthwatch
Stockport

NHS
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Clinical Commissioning Group

Stockport JSNA

joint strategic needs assessment

Stockport Health and Wellbeing Board Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment 2015

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1 Executive Summary

This Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment (PNA) looks at the current provision of pharmaceutical services across Stockport's Health and Wellbeing Board (HWB) area, assesses whether this meets the current needs of the population and identifies any potential gaps to service delivery. The PNA will be used by NHS England in its approval process for applications to join the pharmaceutical list under the NHS Pharmaceutical Services and Local Pharmaceutical Services Regulations 2013¹.

A consultation on this draft PNA was undertaken during the autumn of 2014, in line with the statutory requirements and changes have been incorporated into the document.

The conclusion of this PNA is that the population of Stockport's HWB area has sufficient service provision (including pharmacy contractors) to meet their essential pharmaceutical needs. This is clearly demonstrated by the following points:

- A significantly higher number of pharmacies per 100,000 population than the England average
- Since 2011 the number of community pharmacies has increased
- More than 93% of the population have access to pharmacies within one kilometre of their home
- Choice of pharmacy is provided as more than 96% of the population live within 2km of three or more pharmacy providers
- Analysis of opening hours and trading days shows there is adequate provision for out of hours services

The maps and data contained in this document clearly show that services which are commissioned, in addition to the essential contract, including locally commissioned services meet identified health needs in the necessary areas.

In the south of Stockport the possible future development of the Woodford Aerodrome site, with around 920 new homes, may lead to a gap in essential service provision once the development is underway and occupied; as currently the nearest pharmacy is more than 2km away. A supplementary statement to signal the gap in provision will be issued at the point when the 460th home is occupied. In addition Cheshire East's proposed East Handforth village, still under consultation, may lead to further need for primary care in this area; a joint assessment of these needs will be undertaken once plans are finalised.

Potential future needs arising out of changes to GP provision, particularly changes to hours of operation, will be assessed on a case by case basis against existing pharmacy provision as part of NHS England's contractual process.

Any change to provision of pharmacy services in Stockport will be signalled via publication of a supplementary statement to this PNA.

¹ http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2013/349/pdfs/uksi_20130349_en.pdf

2 Introduction

2.1 Background

If a pharmacist, a dispenser of appliances, a GP or anyone else wants to provide NHS pharmaceutical services, they are required to apply to the NHS to be included on a pharmaceutical list, which are compiled and held by NHS England. This is known as the NHS “market entry” system.

2.2 Legal duties

Under the NHS Pharmaceutical Services and Local Pharmaceutical Services Regulations 2013² the application to be included on a pharmaceutical list must show that the provider is able to meet a pharmaceutical need as set out in the relevant local Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment (PNA).

The first PNAs were published by NHS primary care trusts (PCTs) and were required to be published by 1 February 2011. Stockport’s current PNA is available at:

<http://www.stockport.gov.uk/services/socialcarehealth/healthandwellbeing/healthpartners/pna/>

The Health and Social Care Act 2012 transferred responsibility for the development and updating of PNAs to local health and wellbeing boards (HWBs). HWBs have a duty to publish their first PNA by April 2015, and from then on publish a revised assessment every three years.

The NHS Pharmaceutical Services and Local Pharmaceutical Services Regulations 2013 set out the legislative basis for developing and updating PNAs and state that:

- (1) Each Health and Well-being Board must in accordance with regulations--
 - (a) assess needs for pharmaceutical services in its area, and
 - (b) publish a statement of its first assessment and of any revised assessment.
 - (c) publish this statement by 1 April 2015.
 - (d) revise this statement by 1 April 2018; or as reasonably practical after identifying significant changes
- (2) Information which must be contained in a statement –include -
 - (a) pharmaceutical services that are currently provided both within the area and outside the area which contribute to meeting the needs
 - (b) pharmaceutical services that are currently not provided either within the area or outside the area which are required to meet the current needs
 - (c) pharmaceutical services that are currently not provided either within the area or outside the area which are required to meet the future needs, in specified future circumstances
 - (d) pharmaceutical services that are currently not provided either within the area or outside the area which are not required to meet the current needs, but could secure future improvements or better access
 - (e) any NHS services provided by non pharmaceutical providers which the HWB has had regard in its assessment, which affect the need for pharmaceutical services, or whether further provision of pharmaceutical services in its area would secure improvements or better access
 - (f) an explanation of how the assessment has been carried out (localities, needs, protected characteristics and consultation)

² http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2013/349/pdfs/ukxi_20130349_en.pdf

2.3 Definition of Pharmaceutical Services

Pharmaceutical services can be provided by:

- Pharmacy contractors – healthcare professionals working for themselves or as employees who practice in pharmacy, focusing on safe supply and effective medicines use and supply.
- Dispensing appliance contractors (DAC) – a specific sub-set of NHS pharmaceutical contractors who supply, on prescription, appliances such as stoma and incontinence aids, dressings, bandages etc. They cannot supply medicines.
- Dispensing doctors – medical practitioners authorised to provide drugs and appliances in designated rural areas known as “controlled localities”.
- Local pharmaceutical services (LPS) contractors – provide a level of pharmaceutical services in some HWB areas.

In Stockport there are no dispensing doctors or LPS contractors; the population is served by multiple pharmacy contractors and dispensing appliance contractors. For more information about the current provision in Stockport see section 4.

A range of pharmaceutical services are provided, including essential, advanced and local commissioned services, definitions of each type of service follows below.

2.3.1 Essential Services

Essential services are those which every community pharmacy providing NHS pharmaceutical services must provide and is set out in their terms of service. These include the dispensing of medicines, promotion of healthy lifestyles and support for self-care. These also include requirements for fair access to services to those with physical disability or sensory disability. A full list of essential service requirements is set out in the NHS Pharmaceutical Services and Local Pharmaceutical Services Regulations 2013; parts 4-6.

2.3.2 Advance Services

Advanced services are services community pharmacy contractors and dispensing appliance contractors can provide subject to specific accreditation. These services are Medicines Use Reviews (MURs) and the New Medicines Service (NMS) which may only be undertaken by community pharmacists. Appliance Use Reviews (AURs) and the Stoma Customisation Service (SCS) may be undertaken by both community pharmacists and dispensing appliance contractors.

2.3.3 Locally Commissioned Services

Pharmaceutical Enhanced Services are commissioned by NHS England; other **locally commissioned services** (previously also known as enhanced services) are commissioned by the local CCG or the Local Authority. These services are commissioned from some or all of the pharmacies in the area to meet certain specific needs. Services are usually contracted and paid for outside of the general contracting process. The services which are currently commissioned in Stockport are described in sections 4.3-4.5.

2.4 Stockport's PNA

2.4.1 2011 PNA Summary

Stockport's 2011 PNA set out the assessment of pharmaceutical needs for the population of Stockport as one locality, and identified the services provided. Through comparison of pharmaceutical needs with current provision limited gaps in the existing provision of enhanced pharmaceutical services were identified. Essential services were deemed to be adequate. See <http://www.stockport.gov.uk/services/socialcarehealth/healthandwellbeing/healthpartners/pna/>

2.4.2 2015 PNA Governance

Stockport's HWB decided that the next Stockport PNA should be undertaken in conjunction with the Stockport Joint Strategic Need Assessment (JSNA), which is due to be completed by March 2015, so that the PNA is based on the most up to date assessment of need. A supplementary statement to the 2011 Stockport PNA was issued in 2014, extending it until March 2015 so that there was no gap in coverage.

The Stockport PNA has been managed through the same governance systems as JSNA, with the JSNA project leads group identifying a team to lead the development of the PNA. A specific link to the LPC (local pharmaceutical committee) and NHS England have also been formed alongside the existing links to Stockport Council, NHS Stockport CCG and Stockport Healthwatch.

Since specialist professional knowledge and expertise is required Stockport Health and Wellbeing Board have also secured the services of an expert Primary Care Pharmacy Advisor (PCPA) to assist in the production of the PNA. The PCPA has worked with the local authority, CCG and Healthwatch through the JSNA project leads group to produce the PNA.

2.4.3 2015 PNA Scope

Following a review of the 2011 PNA, PNAs from other areas, comments from NHS England and revised guidance, the PNA group have recommended that the format of the 2011 Stockport PNA meets the revised statutory and practical requirements and therefore the 2015 PNA will build on this template.

For the purposes of the PNA the group recommended that Stockport be treated as a single locality, whilst having particular regard to the accessibility of services in areas with significant levels of deprivation. This recommendation was based on analysis and experience which showed the following points:

- Stockport JSNA and subsequent revisions have changed from considering Stockport as four localities, which individually were based on geographic areas, to a single locality as the diversity within these localities was as great as at a Stockport level.
- This is demonstrated by the distribution of deprivation across the borough – see section 3.2.3, which rather than being concentrated in a single geographical area occur within all commissioning localities.
- Health needs in Stockport are most closely correlated with deprivation, and therefore are not geographical in their distribution but instead vary within localities. It has therefore been decided to analyse Stockport as a whole and by deprivation, rather as individual localities.
- the compact geography of Stockport ensures that over 90% of residents live within 1 km of a community pharmacy

- excellent public transport which gives easy access to the centre of Stockport from the majority of areas and hence access to alternative pharmacies if a resident chooses
- good road infrastructure giving easy access to the centre of Stockport and out of town shopping areas where community pharmacies are present within supermarkets
- patients already choosing some services away from their homes
- Stockport's 2011 PNA was also analysed as one locality, and reviews by Department for Health at the time supported this approach.

The recommendation was endorsed by Stockport's HWB.

The key aim is to produce a PNA that meets the statutory duties of the Stockport's HWB and enables local commissioners of pharmacy services to make decisions on levels and range of provision based on an accurate assessment of local needs.

2.4.4 2015 PNA Strategic Principles

The following strategic principles will be used in this assessment to judge need:

Essential services:

- The ratio of residents to community pharmacies in Stockport should be at or above the national average.
- 90% of Stockport resident's homes should be within 1km of a community pharmacy.
- All deprived resident's homes should be within 1.5km of a community pharmacy.
- 90% of Stockport resident's homes should be within 2km of at least three community pharmacies (choice).

Locally commissioned, advanced and enhanced services:

- Should be commissioned and targeted at areas of need for that particular service.
- 90% of Stockport resident's homes should be within 20 minutes of a community pharmacy offering each locally commissioned services using public transport.

2.5 Future Directions for Community Pharmacy Services

This PNA assesses the current and future pharmaceutical needs for Stockport as best as can be established at the current time. The health and care system is constantly evolving and the following developments, although unclear as to local impact at the moment, may influence the need for pharmaceutical services in the future.

Should these needs arise during the duration of this PNA, a supplementary statement will be issued (see section 7 for more information) setting out the implications for Stockport.

2.5.1 Healthier Together

Healthier Together is a review of health and care across Greater Manchester, looking at how to provide the best care and reduce variations in the quality of care across Greater Manchester. The programme has three areas of focus:

- Hospital care
- Integrated care
- Primary care (including GPs, Pharmacies, Dentist and Optometrists)

The Healthier Together programme includes a commitment to improve and expand primary care, by developing challenging standards and commissioning new and extended services aimed at:

- a movement of patient care away from hospitals into local primary and community care services,
- significant increase in investment in primary and community care; and
- changes to the way information technology is used.

Plans will focus on supporting people in managing their own health and in making the most of the role of the full primary care system.

The key aims for primary care include:

- by the end of 2015, everyone living in Greater Manchester who needs medical help, will have same-day access to primary care services, supported by diagnostics tests, seven days a week;
- by the end of 2015, people with long-term, complex or multiple conditions such as diabetes and heart disease will be cared for in the community where possible, supported by a care plan which they own;
- community-based care will focus on joining up care with social care and hospitals, including sharing electronic records which residents will also have access to.

Public consultations about these plans are currently underway, and as yet the implications for local pharmacy services in Stockport are unknown.

For more information see <https://healthiertogethergm.nhs.uk/best-care/primary-care/>

2.5.2 NHS England – Pharmacy Call to Action

Community pharmacy is recognised as a key, frontline health service that can and does provide healthcare and advice as an effective alternative to many over-subscribed primary care services in their communities, particularly those of local GP practices. In addition to this they add value as an important triage to emergency services.

NHS England's aim is to enable community pharmacy to play an even stronger role at the heart of more integrated out-of-hospital services that support better health outcomes for patients, provide more personalised care, deliver excellent patient experience, optimise the use of medicines and secure the most efficient possible use of NHS resources. This work forms part of the wider Call to Action that NHS England launched in July 2013.

The main purpose of the Community Pharmacy Call to Action is to stimulate debate in local communities, to find out the best way to develop the service. Consultations were conducted in the early part of 2014 and proposals will be developed following the analysis of these findings.

For more information see <http://www.england.nhs.uk/ourwork/qual-clin-lead/calltoaction/pharm-cta/>

2.5.3 Healthy Living Pharmacies

Healthy Living Pharmacies (HLP) are a nationally recognised concept enabling pharmacies to help reduce health inequalities within the local community, by delivering high quality health and well-being services, promoting health and providing proactive health advice.

Key elements of the HLP service include:

- Tailoring HLP services to the local community

- A team that proactively promote health and wellbeing and offer advice on a range of health issues
- Having a Healthy Living Champion

The scheme is being tested nationally in a number of pathfinder areas, and may if proven roll out to other areas in the future.

For more information see <http://www.npa.co.uk/business-management/service-development-opportunities/healthy-living-pharmacy/>.

3 Health and Wellbeing in Stockport

The following section is based on evidence from the Stockport Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA), see www.mystockport.org.uk/jsna.

3.1 Stockport Profile

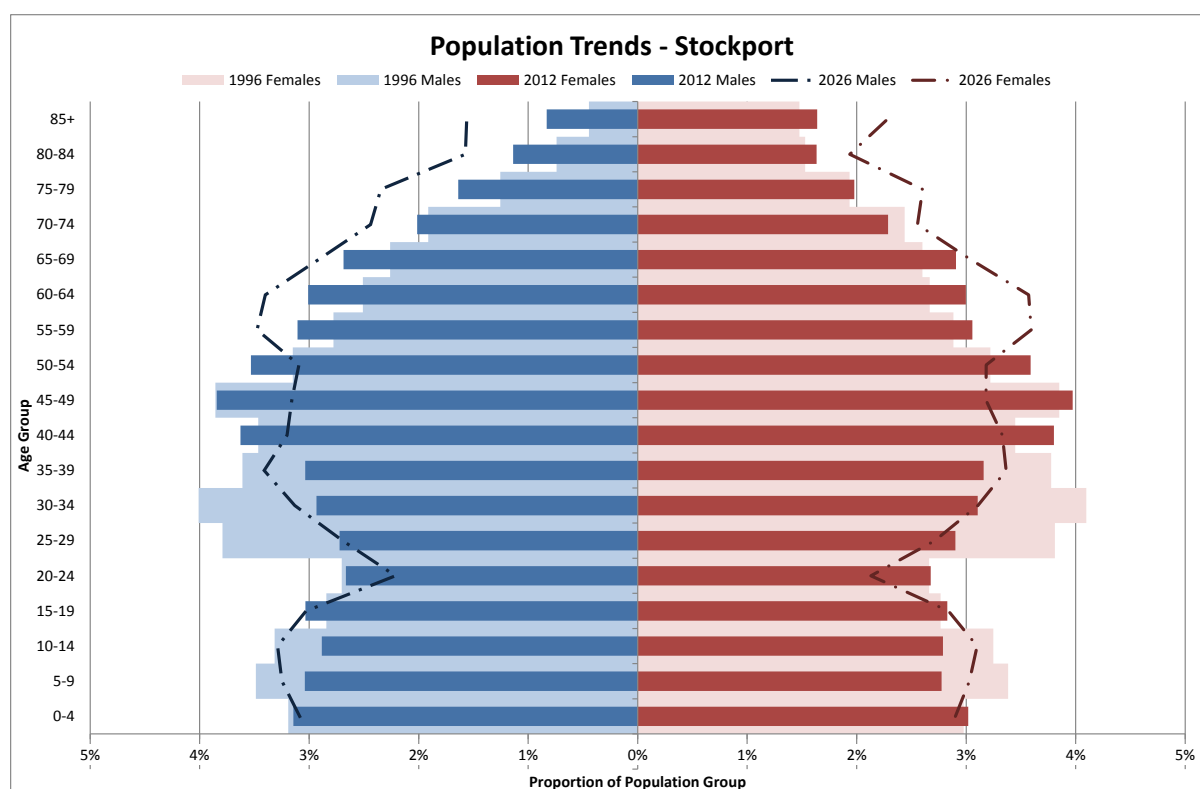
Stockport is located in the south east of the Greater Manchester conurbation, between the city of Manchester and the Peak District national park. Stockport is a large town with a busy central retail area, many district centres and many international and local businesses. It employs the third largest number of people in Greater Manchester and has good access to national rail and road networks and an international airport. Despite its urban status Stockport has significant areas of green space, especially towards the Peak District borders.

The town is served by a single clinical commissioning group, a single hospital foundation trust and a single borough council, all with a history of good partnership working. The vast majority of Stockport's resident population are registered with one of the 48 GP practices located within the borough.

3.2 Stockport Demographics

3.2.1 Population trends and age structure

The ONS mid-year estimate of population for 2012 showed that around 283,900 people live in Stockport, 18% of whom are aged between 0 and 14 years, 19% of whom are aged 65 years or over and 3% of whom are aged 85 years or over. Stockport has a slightly older age profile than the national average and is experiencing the national trend of an ageing population.



Source: Office for National Statistics

Trends over the last two decades show that Stockport's total population has been relatively stable, varying by less than $\pm 1.2\%$ (3,400 people) since 1996. The age profile has changed significantly in this period however, and shown a significant ageing trend, so that since 1996 the 65+ population has grown by 15% and the 85+ population by 31%. These trends are driven by a number of factors, including increasing life expectancy and the cohort effect of the post war baby boom generation reaching older age.

Alongside this ageing trend Stockport is also currently experiencing an increase in the number of births; births reached their lowest point in 2001, when there were 2,900 live births in the area, and have since risen by almost 22% to 3,500. This trend is now expected to stabilise, i.e. levels are not expected to rise further, but are also not expected to drop back to the previous low. The increase in births has been caused by a number of factors including a period where some mothers delayed having their first child and the impact of the 1960s baby boom on the female population.

The ageing population and rise in birth rates are contributing to an expectation that the overall population of Stockport will rise slightly over the next few years, by 2018 the population of Stockport is expected to have increased by 3%, to 291,500 (by 7,600 people). The majority of this rise will be in the older population which is expected to form more than 20% of the population by this time.

3.2.2 Ethnicity and other protected characteristics

Stockport is less ethnically diverse than the national average with 92% of the population identifying themselves as white in the 2011 Census compared to 86% nationally. Over time however the diversity of the population is increasing and the number of people identifying themselves as from a Black or Minority Ethnic Group (BME) almost doubled from 2001 to 2011, to 22,500.

Table 3.1 Stockport Ethnicity – data from the Census

Ethnic Group		Persons		Proportion	
		2001	2011	2001	2011
White	British	264,279	252,044	92.9%	89.0%
	Irish	4,155	3,938	1.5%	1.4%
	Other White	3,796	4,837	1.3%	1.7%
	Total White	272,230	260,819	95.7%	92.1%
Mixed	White & Black Caribbean	953	1,734	0.3%	0.6%
	White & Black African	413	775	0.1%	0.3%
	White & Asian	915	1,460	0.3%	0.5%
	Other Mixed	745	1,135	0.3%	0.4%
	Total Mixed	3,026	5,104	1.1%	1.8%
Asian or Asian British	Indian	1,867	2,786	0.7%	1.0%
	Pakistani	2,949	6,673	1.0%	2.4%
	Bangladeshi	353	705	0.1%	0.2%
	Chinese	1,315	1,722	0.5%	0.6%
	Other Asian	798	1,876	0.3%	0.7%
	Total Asian	7,282	13,762	2.6%	4.9%
Black or Black British	Black Caribbean	660	745	0.2%	0.3%
	Black African	352	976	0.1%	0.3%
	Other Black	167	237	0.1%	0.1%
	Total Black	1,179	1,958	0.4%	0.7%
Other Ethnic Groups		809	1,632	0.3%	0.6%
All people		284,526	283,275		

Source: Office for National Statistics

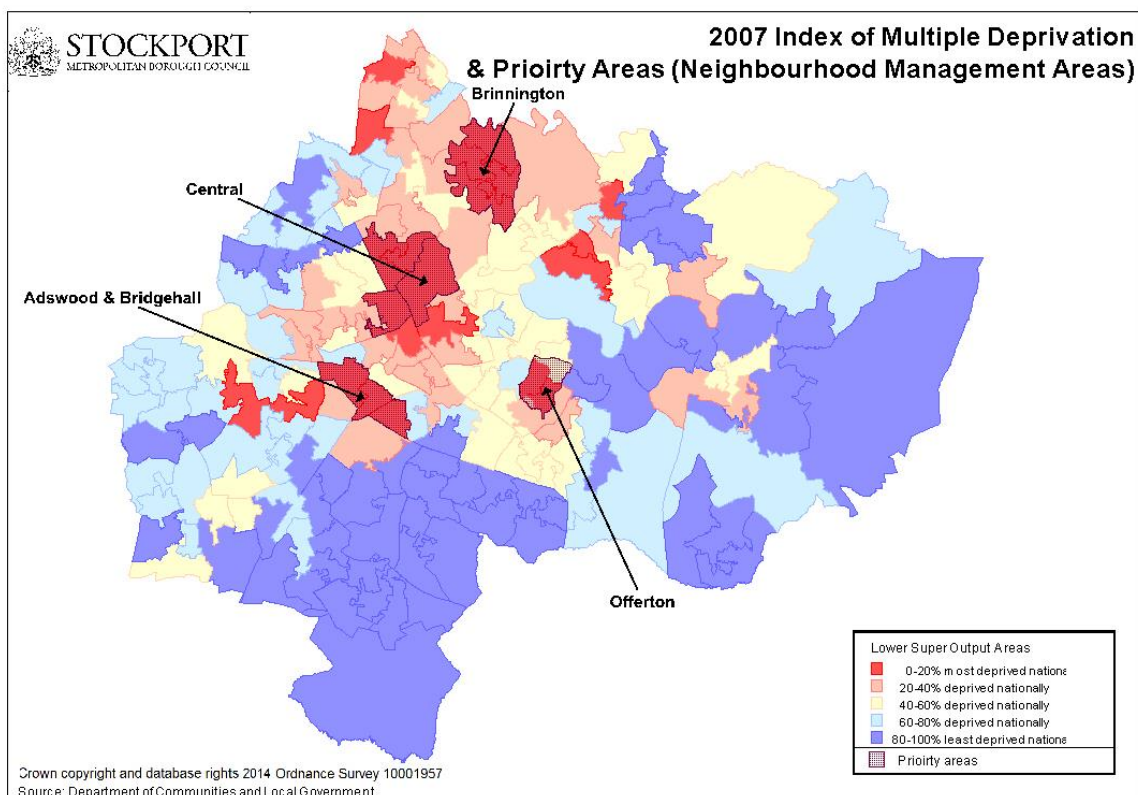
The distribution of the BME population across Stockport is not even and the areas of Heald Green, Cheadle & Gatley and Heaton South are particularly diverse; in each of these areas there are particularly high rates of the population who identify themselves as from a Pakistani or Indian background, the total BME population in these areas approaches 20%. These areas also those with higher than average rates of people whose religion is Muslim; in fact 50% of Muslims in Stockport live in one of these three wards. Gatley also has a community of residents whose religion is Jewish. These populations may have particular needs that pharmacies in these areas will need to consider.

Comprehensive estimates of the population of Stockport who have a disability are not available; however it is known that 5.6% people in Stockport reported having poor health over the year preceding the 2011 Census, a rate that mirrors the national average. 8.6% of Stockport's population stated that they have an illness or condition which limits their day-to-day activities a lot; a rate very similar to the national average.

Overall in Stockport the uptake of disability related benefits is similar to the national average, with 11,060 claiming Incapacity Benefit/Severe Disablement Allowance/ Employment and Support Allowance and 15,020 claiming Disability Living Allowance. Mental health is the most common condition leading to benefit uptake.

National estimates of prevalence for learning disability suggest that there are likely to be around 6,325 adults with a learning disability in Stockport, of which 1,225 will be moderate or severe. 1,415 people in Stockport are registered as blind or partially sighted, of whom 73% are aged 75 year or over. Around 1 in 6 of the population have some form of hearing loss, and around 2% are regular users of hearing aids.

3.2.3 Deprivation

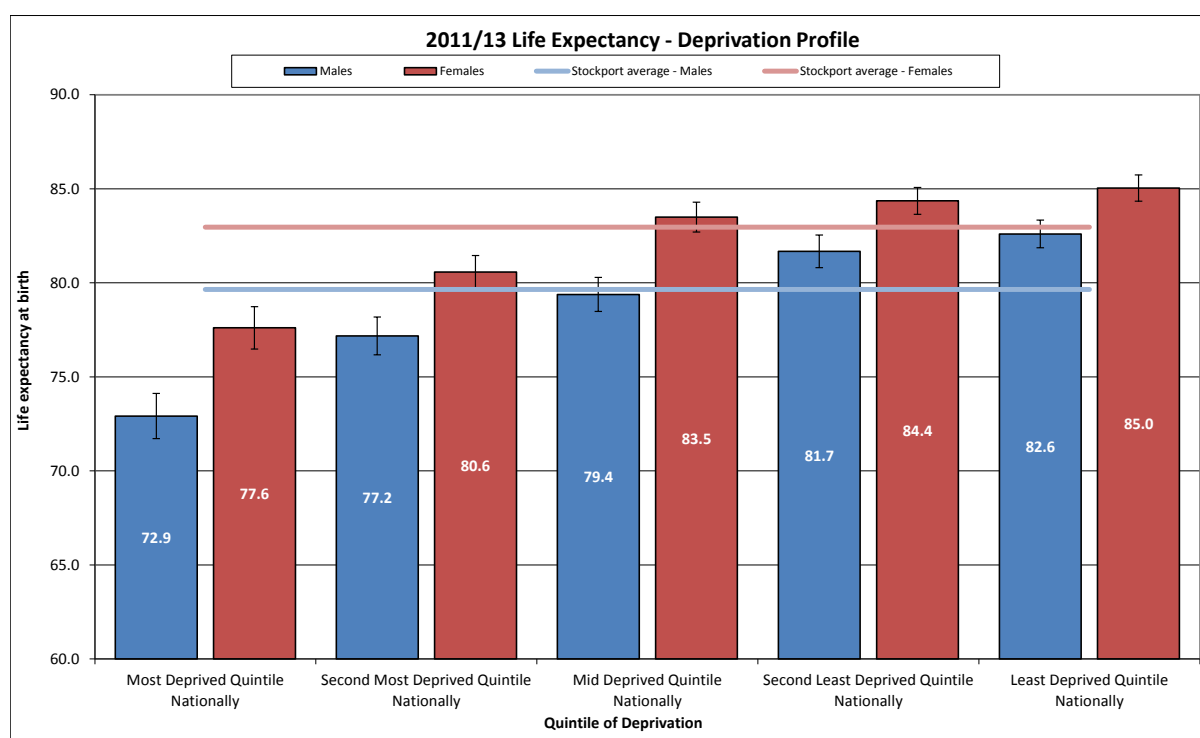


The 2007 Index of Multiple Deprivation ranked Stockport as having average levels of deprivation on a national scale; however within Stockport there is a considerable spectrum, ranging from very affluent areas in the south and east of the borough to significantly deprived areas in the north and centre. Stockport is unusual in having a few, relatively small, severely deprived areas in a borough which on the whole is well-off; in fact some areas in Stockport rank amongst the 2% most deprived nationally. Four areas across Stockport have been identified as priorities, these areas (shown on the map above) have the poorest health outcomes and highest levels of health need.

A recent national study of the differences between the most and least deprived areas within local authorities showed that Stockport has one of the biggest gaps between ‘rich’ and ‘poor’ in the country, nationally the area ranked third in the polarisation index. Addressing these inequalities is a key priority within Stockport’s Health and Wellbeing Strategy (2011-2015).

3.3 Stockport Health Needs

Stockport remains one of the healthier places in the North West and is average in national terms for most health indicators; life expectancy in Stockport has continued to rise and is currently 79.1 years for males and 83.2 years for females. Life expectancy is also rising in the most deprived areas; however rates here remain significantly lower than the average, currently males in Brinnington & Central can expect to live to 71.9 years and females to 77.3 years.



Source: Public Health Intelligence, Stockport Council

Healthy life expectancy estimates suggest that around 13-15 years of life are spent in poor health for men and 17-18 years of life are spent in poor health for women; but these times extend to almost 20 years in the most deprived areas.

There continues to be good progress in reducing deaths from circulatory disease; cancer is now the biggest killer overall. Hypertension (42,500 people), CHD (11,900), asthma (19,800), diabetes (13,800) and depression (17,300) are the most common long-term conditions diagnosed by GPs in Stockport.

Lifestyles are a significant driver of poor health and health inequalities; and disadvantage starts early in life with mothers in the most deprived areas being 40% less likely to initiate breastfeeding and more than twice as likely to smoke at delivery.

Overall smoking rates are falling, and less than 18% of the adult population currently smoke. Smoking however is the lifestyle behaviour with the greatest inequality and rates in the most deprived areas are more than double that of the average; rates approach 40% in Brinnington, Stockport's most deprived community.

Around a quarter (26%) of the adult population drink unhealthy, with around 3% drinking at levels that pose immediate risks to health. Alcohol related harm hospital admissions continue to rise and alcohol related causes of death are an increasing cause of health inequality. There are an estimated 1,500 adults in Stockport who are regular users of opiates and / or crack (OCU), around 700 of whom are engaged in some form of treatment with NHS services.

Rates of teenage conception are falling and are currently 26.8 per 1,000; lower than the national average and 25% lower than they were in 2002. Around 150 conceptions occur before the age of 18 each year. Rates vary across the borough and are especially high in the priority area of Brinnington.

3.4 Planned changes

3.4.1 Planned changes in Stockport

As described above (see section 3.1) Stockport's population is expected to increase slightly over the next few years. This projection is based on the current trends in birth and death rates and doesn't take into account any significant changes in the availability of housing or employment in the area.

In order to meet its currently identified housing need Stockport has a housing target to create 2,475 new homes between 2013 and 2018; to aid comparison, between 2008 and 2013 1,253 net new dwellings were created in Stockport. Although the majority of this target is likely to be met by a range of small scale developments spread throughout Stockport, there are also currently a number of larger scale proposals for the development of new housing in the Borough to help achieve this target; alongside plans for the regeneration of Stockport's town centre economy.

At the moment these developments (summarised below, see also [appendix 1 – map 8](#)) are still at the planning stage and the timescales for implementation and construction are as yet unclear. For this PNA they therefore do not represent a current need, but may in time lead to new needs for pharmacy services. If new needs are created before the next PNA (due April 2018) then these will be formally signalled by the publication of a supplementary statement (see section 7).

- **Chester Road, Woodford**
Redevelopment of the former Woodford Aerodrome site to provide up to 920 new dwellings with associated commercial and community space. This application is currently at consultation stage, and is likely to be developed in a phased approach. Currently the nearest pharmacies are more than 2km away from the site. A supplementary statement for an additional need for essential services is likely to be required after the 460th (or 50% of) dwelling(s) is completed and occupied.
- **Lisburne Lane, Offerton**
Redevelopment of the former Dialstone Centre and Blackstone Field sites to provide 121 new dwellings, a new nursing and care home (140 beds), a new community hub, a new

medical centre and commercial space. This application received permission in 2013 and is within 1km of an existing pharmacy.

- **Midland Road, Bramhall**
Proposed residential development comprising up to maximum of 250 dwelling units, including 160 houses and 90 apartments, including the provision of affordable housing. This application received permission in 2013 and is within 1km of an existing pharmacy.
- **Buckingham Road, Heaton Moor**
Residential development comprising 129 dwellings with associated open space. This application received permission in 2013 and is within 1km of an existing pharmacy.
- **Kingsway Cheadle**
Redevelopment of the former Barnes Hospital site to provide up to 300 new dwellings (apartments and housing). This application received permission in 2013 and is within 1km of an existing pharmacy.
- **Churchgate / Covent Garden / Hopes Carr / Wellington Street**
A range of developments within the centre of Stockport to provide additional dwellings. These applications are at different stages of the planning and construction cycles but all are within 1km of an existing pharmacy.
- **Brinnington**
Two large scale developments to the north of Brinnington are currently proposed, and are under consideration of the planning system. Together the proposals would create 265 new dwellings, but all are within 1km of an existing pharmacy.

3.4.2 Planned changes in Cheshire East

Cheshire East and Stockport have highlighted the current existence of cross-border dispensing flows across the Cheshire East / Stockport border in their respective PNAs (see section 4.1). In particular this impacts on Stockport GP registered patients in Handforth, who live in Cheshire East but use Stockport GP services. Pharmacies in Handforth dispense over 82,000 items a year for Stockport GP registered patients.

Cheshire East are currently developing their local development plan, and are proposing a new growth village, comprising 1,850 homes to the east of Handforth, adjacent to the Stockport border close to the former Woodford Aerodrome site. Taken together, these local requirements suggest a need to jointly review community pharmacy provision on both sides of the Cheshire East / Stockport border once plans are finalised. This may also highlight other care and health needs including primary care, community and other services that are driven by patient flow rather than geographical area of residence.

4 Current Provision of Pharmaceutical Services

Stockport is located in the south east of the Greater Manchester conurbation, between the city of Manchester and the Peak District national park with borders to Tameside and Glossop, Central Manchester, South Manchester, Eastern Cheshire and North Derbyshire CCGs.

For the review of current provision this assessment includes the community pharmacies providing essential, advanced and locally commissioned services in Stockport and in the neighbouring areas of Manchester, Tameside and Cheshire East.

Out of area community pharmacies have been identified as relevant to Stockport residents where the pharmacy is either:

- located within 1km of the boundary
- dispenses 15,000+ Stockport generated items per year
- provides services to commuters due to their location on major routes such as the A6, A34 or M60, or rail network into the City of Manchester.

These criteria were selected after a review of all pharmacies dispensing more than 4,000 items for Stockport patients over two years, thresholds were set to exclude the distortion caused by contract work for care homes. The community pharmacies in North Derbyshire CCG do not fulfil any of the stated criteria and thus have not been considered in this assessment. [Appendix 1 – map 1](#) shows the distribution of the out of area pharmacies considered in this PNA.

4.1 Essential services – provided by all pharmacies

Within the borough of Stockport there are: 69 community pharmacies; 2 internet/ distance selling pharmacies; 1 dispensing appliance contractor (DAC) and 1 Hospital pharmacy. There are no dispensing doctors.

- [Appendix 1 – map 2](#) shows the location of these pharmacies in relation to the road network,
- [Appendix 1 – map 3](#) shows the location of these pharmacies in relation to the urban / developed areas with 1km radii.
- [Appendix 1 – map 4](#) shows the location of these pharmacies in relation to concentrations of deprivation
- [Appendix 1 – map 5](#) shows the location of these pharmacies in relation to concentrations of deprivation with 1km radii.
- [Appendix 1 – map 6](#) shows the location of these pharmacies in relation to population spread
- [Appendix 1 – map 7](#) shows the location of these pharmacies in relation to GP practice locations

The number of community pharmacies per 100,000 patients in Stockport compares favourably with national average and is similar to both North West and Greater Manchester averages (see table 4.1). The number of community pharmacies has risen by 8 since 2007 (13%).

Table 4.1: Community pharmacies as at 31 March 2013

	Number of community pharmacies 2012-13	Prescription items dispensed per month (000)s 2012-13	Population (000)s	Pharmacies per 100,000 population 2012-13
England	11,495	76,191	53,107	22
North West	1,812	12,334	7,056	26
Greater Manchester	684	4,587	2,717	25
Stockport	70	504	283	25

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

There are 48 GP practices, a GP out of hours service and a community drug team (CDT) in Stockport, generating 5,939,756 prescriptions in the year ending March 2013; and 6,108,105 in the year ending March 2014. The majority (98%) of the community prescriptions generated in Stockport are created by GPs.

92.6% of the prescriptions generated by Stockport GP's are dispensed within Stockport boundaries (2013/14); of the remaining 7.4% dispensed out of area, significant numbers (2.9% of total) are dispensed in cross border and commuter route pharmacies identified in this PNA assessment (see [appendix 1 - map 1](#)), and a further 2.1% are dispensed at other pharmacies within Greater Manchester or Cheshire East. Out of area internet and distance selling pharmacies now account for at least 0.8% of the total volume which indicates a significant increase since the previous PNA assessment. The remaining 1.5% of prescriptions are dispensed nationwide with no significant number in any area (source: EPACT prescribing data year ending 2013-14)

The average number of dispensed items per pharmacy in Stockport is higher than both the national, North West and Greater Manchester averages. However, there have been no complaints or evidence of patient dissatisfaction with access to essential pharmaceutical services to either Healthwatch or the NHS England Greater Manchester Area Team. An above average number of prescriptions dispensed per pharmacy is not on its own a valid reason to require additional provision (see table 4.2).

Table 4.2: Community Pharmacies at 31st March 2013, Average prescription items per month per pharmacy, 2009-10 to 2012-13								
	Number of Community Pharmacies				Average items per pharmacy			
	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
England	10,691	10,951	11,236	11,495	6,340	6,473	6,548	6,628
North West	1,650	1,701	1,764	1,812	6,785	6,840	6,790	6,807
G. Manchester	617	634	660	684	7,136	7,199	7,082	7,000
Stockport	65	64	66	70	7,317	7,600	7,444	7,199

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

Current provision for essential pharmaceutical services within Stockport ensures that for 93.4% of the resident population there is a community pharmacy within 1km of their home (see table 4.3), which is indicative of a 20 minute walk. Additional provision for Stockport patients is available from cross border pharmacies within 1km of the boundary (see [appendix 1 - maps 3-6](#)).

Table 4.3: Population more than 1km or 1.5km from a community pharmacy by deprivation							
People more than 1km or 1.5km from a community pharmacy		National quintile of deprivation					Total Stockport
		Most deprived 0-20%	Second most deprived 20-40%	Mid deprived 40-60%	Second least deprived 60-80%	Least deprived 80-100%	
1km	Number	14	1,732	3,015	3,645	11,221	19,627
	Proportion	100.0%	96.8%	94.9%	94.4%	86.5%	93.4%
1.5km	Number	0	33	927	775	1,650	3,385
	Proportion	100.0%	99.9%	98.4%	98.8%	98.0%	98.9%

Source: Public Health Intelligence, Stockport Council

Deprived areas of Stockport are particularly well provided for by community pharmacies, with 100% of people living within 1km of a provider. The least deprived, most rural, parts of the borough are the areas with the furthest distance to travel, with 86.5% of the population within 1km of a pharmacy, however 98% of the population in these areas are within 1.5km (1 mile) of a provider (see table 4.3).

96.4% of Stockport patients have at least three community pharmacies within 2km of their home, and a wider choice of alternative pharmacy provider within a 20 minute public transport route. All developed areas within Stockport are within 1km of a bus stop or railway station, and most areas of Stockport can access the town centre or Manchester city centre within 20 minutes by public transport, only the rural localities of Marple Bridge, Compstall, Mellor, Strines and Woodford have journeys beyond this time.

Stockport has a higher percentage of pharmacies that belong to a multiple contractor when compared to the England average, but a similar percentage to the rest of Greater Manchester and the North West (see table 4.4). There is no evidence of patient dissatisfaction with choice of pharmacy.

Table 4.4: Community Pharmacies in contract with PCT at 31st March 2013, number and percentage of independent and multiple contractors 2012-13

	Number and [percentage]			
	Community Pharmacies	Independent Contractors		Multiple Contractors ³
England	11,495	4,435	39%	7,060 61%
North West	1,812	623	34%	1,189 65%
Greater Manchester	684	235	34%	449 66%
Stockport	70	23	33%	47 67%

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

4.1.1 Hours of trading

Community pharmacies are contracted to provide a minimum of 40 hours of essential services per week. These are the 'core' hours. Many choose to provide more than 40 hours, the extra known as 'supplementary hours'.

A pharmacy will decide which hours are declared as 'core' and which 'supplementary'. Any change to these declared hours, as originally stated on the contract application, must be applied for, to NHS England Greater Manchester Area Team, with a minimum of 90 days' notice.

Prior to regulation changes in 2012, pharmacy contractors could apply for a contract of 100 hours. All 100 hours are 'core' hours and any minor changes must again be applied for to NHS England Greater Manchester Area Team. Since the previous PNA assessment access to essential services has greatly increased by the addition of a further six 100 hour contract pharmacies (who all applied in the window of opportunity and are still operating under this arrangement), providing access to services from early morning to late evening seven days per week. This takes the total provision of 100 hour pharmacies in Stockport to seven (see [appendix 1 - map 1](#)).

³ A multiple contractor is defined as consisting of six pharmacies: contractors with five or less pharmacies known as independent.

If it is deemed that there is a lack of provision of pharmaceutical service in an area at a particular time, NHS England can request existing contractors to change their hours or open up an opportunity for a new contract to fulfil the gap.

Review of current provision across Stockport indicates that there are no gaps in essential services, including early morning and late evening Monday to Friday, and that there is also adequate provision on Saturday and Sunday (see [appendix 1 – maps 9-11](#)).

[Appendix 1 – map 7](#) shows the distribution of pharmacies compared to that of GP practices. In all cases there is a pharmacy within at least 1km of a GP premise, and in the vast majority of cases these services are either co-located or in very close proximity. There is only one GP practice without a pharmacy within 500m, Haider Medical Centre. There are more pharmacies than GP Practices. Potential future needs arising out of changes to GP provision, particularly changes to hours of operation, will be assessed on a case by case basis against existing pharmacy provision as part of NHS England's contractual process. Any changes to pharmaceutical provision will be highlighted in published supplementary statements to this PNA.

4.1.2 Home delivery

The current community pharmacy contract does not include the requirement of 'home delivery' for prescriptions of medication. However dispensing appliance contractors (DAC) and community pharmacies supplying specific appliances such as catheters and stoma products must offer a home delivery service to patients. Many community pharmacies choose to offer the service to housebound patients for all types of prescriptions.

Internet/distance selling contracts must ensure home delivery of all prescriptions by secure means. Patients cannot collect prescription items from the site of the internet pharmacy.

The offer of 'home delivery' for all prescriptions from community pharmacies may change during the lifetime of this document and any such change will be reflected via a supplementary statement.

4.1.3 Community Pharmacy Access – Language / Disability / Ethnic minority groups

All community pharmacies must assess both physical access to the premises and also amendments to basic delivery of essential services for patients with regard to their culture, ethnicity or disability. For example:

- Provision of a ramp or bell to alert staff to the needs of wheel chair users
- Provision of a hearing loop
- Provision of plain lids where difficulties in opening child resistant containers exists
- Provision of large print medication labels
- Provision of MARS (medicines administrations record sheets) to support with medicine adherence
- Provision of monitored dosage systems
- Ability to source and supply non gelatine based products
- Leaflets and / or translation facilities for those whose first language is not English

The review of current provision indicates no specific commissioning requirement for unmet need in relation to access to services.

4.2 Advanced services

4.2.1 Medicines Use Review (MUR)

This service can be provided by any pharmacy contractor, including internet/distance selling pharmacies provided they can fulfil the requirements of The Pharmaceutical Services (Advanced and Enhanced) (England) Directions 2013 (part 2, sections 4- 5)⁴. The pharmacist providing the service must be competent and have provided evidence of accreditation to the local area team of NHS England.

MUR consultations undertaken at locations other than the pharmacy premise can be authorised by a NHS England local area team on an individual named patient basis by completing a PSNC PREM 2 declaration. In these circumstances attention must be given to both patient and pharmacist safety. Enhanced Disclosure & Barring Service [DBS] checks, insurance, lone working and chaperone policies should be in place in all pharmacies providing MUR.

As per regulation more than 50% of all consultations must be to patients who receive medication in the declared 'national target' groups. The service is monitored by NHS England utilising the tool of indicators in the Community Pharmacy Assessment Framework (CPAF).

The number of pharmacies in Stockport offering this service has increased from 51 out of 63 in 2009/10 to 58 out of 70 in 2012/13. The average number of consultations per year per pharmacy has increased over this period to approximately the average of other pharmacies in the North West, although below that in both Greater Manchester and England (see table 4.5).

	Number of Community Pharmacies				Average MUR items per MUR pharmacy			
	2009-10	10-11	11-12	12-13	2009-10	10-11	11-12	12-13
England	9,165	9,621	10,173	10,574	186	219	239	267
North West	1,398	1,473	1,555	1,672	177	210	227	246
G. Manchester	515	538	568	624	190	222	236	254
Stockport	51	52	55	58	159	203	227	240

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

4.2.2 New Medicines Service (NMS)

	Number of community pharmacies	Community pharmacies providing NMS	Percentage of community pharmacies providing NMS	Total NMS	Average NMS per community pharmacy
England	11,495	9,464	82.3%	647,859	68.5
North West	1,812	1,433	79.1%	90,189	62.9
Greater Manchester	684	537	78.5%	34,007	63.3
Stockport	70	46	65.7%	3,052	66.3

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

⁴ https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/193012/2013-03-12_-_Advanced_and_Enhanced_Directions_2013_e-sig.pdf

This service is available from both community pharmacies and internet/distance selling pharmacies provided they are compliant with the requirements of The Pharmaceutical Services (Advanced and Enhanced) (England) Directions 2013 (part 2, sections 6- 8)⁵. Pharmacists undertaking the service with the patient must provide the commissioner with a declaration of competence to national standards.

The initial service is still under review with extensions to interim regulations. It is expected that it will become a standard advanced service, during the life of this document.

Data from 2012 /13 shows that 65.7% (46) of Stockport pharmacies were active with the NMS and on average provided advice for 66 patients through the year (see table 4.6). The uptake of the service in England was 82.3% with the average number of completed units as 68.

4.2.3 Stoma Appliance Customisation (SAC)

Dispensing Appliance Contractors (DAC) (see page 7) and community pharmacies can provide this service provided they are compliant with The Pharmaceutical Services (Advanced and Enhanced) (England) Directions 2013 (part 3, sections 9- 10), and have suitable premises to undertake the customisation. It cannot be undertaken in the regular dispensary. Trained staff, not necessarily healthcare professionals, can undertake the service.

In 2012/13 SAC were carried out by 13 Stockport premises providing 223 adaptations. In the North West there are 313 sites providing 155,629 customisations (source: Health and Social Care Information Centre).

4.2.4 Appliances Use Review (AUR)

Dispensing Appliance Contractors (DAC) (see page 7) and community pharmacies can undertake AUR with patients receiving appliances, provided they are competent with criteria in The Pharmaceutical Services (Advanced and Enhanced) (England) Directions 2013 (part 3, sections 11- 13), and have declared their intention to provide the service to NHS England.

It is expected the review is only undertaken by a healthcare professional qualified to undertake the service, with sufficient knowledge of the products provided to the patient receiving the AUR. A contractor can utilise the services of a specialist nurse for this service.

Data for 2012/13 indicates that no reviews were undertaken in Stockport. However, this does not indicate that Stockport patients receiving appliances do not have access to AUR, as most are provided by DAC which are located outside Stockport boundaries and the data will be incorporated within the locality of the pharmacy rather than the patient.

Within the North West there were 27 DAC/community pharmacies undertaking AUR and 3,107 patients received the service either within their own home or at the premise of the service provider (source: Health and Social Care Information Centre).

⁵ https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/193012/2013-03-12_-_Advanced_and_Enhanced_Directions_2013_e-sig.pdf

4.3 Enhanced Services – NHS England Greater Manchester Area Team

4.3.1 Minor ailment scheme (MAS)

Stockport has joined the scheme commissioned by the NHS England Greater Manchester Area Team. This scheme is open to all Stockport community pharmacies, provided they have a consultation room, and does not require that the patient attends the surgery to obtain any referral prior to supply. It is however only open to those people entitled to free prescriptions.

There is a defined Formulary and an extension to this is possible in conjunction with a referral from an optometrist as part of the Minor Eye Ailment scheme.

The aim of the scheme is to reduce the call on practice time prescribing for self-limiting or minor conditions suitable for self-management.

The scheme was launched in July 2014 with 61 Stockport pharmacies having committed to providing the service. The level of provision indicates no gap for MAS services in Stockport.

4.3.2 Flu vaccinations

In 2014 NHS England Greater Manchester Area Team have worked with Greater Manchester Local Pharmaceutical Committees to specify and commission a community pharmacy flu vaccination service as part of the 2014/15 programme. This service has been commissioned from 23 community pharmacies in Stockport. (see [appendix 1 – map 12](#)).

Negotiations between NHS England Greater Manchester Area Team and Greater Manchester Local Pharmaceutical Committees are underway to plan for the 2015/16 programme.

This service is also offered by GPs in Stockport, and levels of provision are sufficient to ensure that vaccination rates in Stockport are amongst the highest nationally.

4.4 Locally Commissioned Services – Stockport Council

4.4.1 Smoking cessation

Table 4.7: Number of Pharmacies contracted to provide Smoking Cessation Services					
	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
England	4,833	5,612	6,104	5,620	5,747
North West	715	894	913	907	927
Greater Manchester	302	362	336	327	337
Stockport	22	22	16	16	12

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

The Smoking Cessation service based in community pharmacies is commissioned by Public Health to deliver increased choice and easier access to support for adult smokers (over 18 years) across Stockport. This scheme provides an opportunity for pharmacists to target activities and provide support to people in local, non-clinical and accessible settings. The scheme complements existing

local services provided by Healthy Stockport⁶ and GP practices. At the start of 2014/15 there were 12 Stockport pharmacies enrolled on the scheme, however only 10 were active in providing client consultations; since this time additional provision has been contracted and the service is now operating out of 15 pharmacies (see table 4.7 and [appendix 1 – map 13](#)).

The service is available for adults who reside or work in Stockport. Tailored one to one support is available with the offer of a maximum of 12 weeks of Nicotine Replacement Therapy (NRT) provided fortnightly, and assessed by initial client motivation and self-reporting. The revised service specification (from April 2014) has introduced routine carbon monoxide monitoring to provide motivation and validation of quit at each visit as well as dual therapy. Clients are signposted to additional services provided by Healthy Stockport or any local GP practice as required. Staff involved in delivering the schemes attend accredited and locally delivered training and are supported by Healthy Stockport.

The service has recently been reviewed and extended and has been confirmed as commissioned from 15 pharmacies (see [appendix 1 – map 13](#)). Resources are and will continue to be targeted and additional services provided in priority areas where smoking prevalence is greater; including Brinnington which is now part of the general service; previously a different smoking cessation scheme operated in this area.

All pharmacists providing the service must meet the specifications requested by Healthy Stockport and Local Authority Commissioners.

4.4.2 Supervised consumption of opiate substitute medication

Stockport Community Drug Team (CDT) service has 566 clients in tier 3 treatment currently, the majority of whom are prescribed an opiate substitute medication (either methadone or buprenorphine).

As with Needle & Syringe Programme (NSP see section 4.4.3) the need for the service is across the borough, though with notable clusters in areas of socio-economic deprivation (see section 3.2.3). Pharmacy services that the CDT requires are:

- Dispensing of methadone & buprenorphine on blue FP10 instalment prescriptions – often via daily dispensing as part of the essential service contract for dispensing in a community pharmacy as agreed between the CDT and that pharmacy.
- Supervised self-administration of either methadone or buprenorphine for new-starters in treatment, or those where there is ongoing clinical risk (in line with both NICE guidance Technical Appraisal 114⁷, and Department of Health 'Orange Book'⁸ guidelines).

Table 4.8: Supervised Administration Service					
	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
England	4,706	5,215	5,385	5,601	5,359
North West	667	752	806	876	842
Greater Manchester	216	212	173	255	277
Stockport	13	13	13	13	13

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

⁶ Healthy Stockport is the new integrated lifestyle service for Stockport, providing behaviour change support including smoking cessation support.

⁷ <http://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ta114>

⁸ http://www.nta.nhs.uk/uploads/clinical_guidelines_2007.pdf

At the start of the year 13 community pharmacies in Stockport provided supervised consumption services, but provision has since risen to 14. Sites for the local commissioned services for supervision are commissioned across the borough in areas of client need, or in the town centre (see [appendix 1 – map 14](#)). Provision at the start of the year had not changed since the previous PNA (see table 4.8).

Within the borough, there are three pharmacies able to dispense ‘supervised’ buprenorphine, sited in the town centre and Brinnington providing sufficient access to and safe supply of, this medication to a particularly vulnerable cohort.

4.4.3 Needle & Syringe programme (NSP)

The Needle and Syringe Programme (NSP) has approximately 400 clients registered at the Community Drugs Team (CDT) base in Cirtek House, central Stockport.

In terms of geographical spread, the clients live across the borough, though with notable clusters in areas of socio-economic deprivation (see section 3.2.3).

Currently 11 Stockport community pharmacies provide NSP services, located in both the cluster areas as outlined above; and the outlying areas of the borough (e.g. Gatley, Romiley, Marple, Woodley and Cheadle) (see table 4.9 and [appendix 1 – map 15](#)). The level of provision indicates no gap for NSP services in Stockport.

Table 4.9: Needle and Syringe Exchange Service					
	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
England	1,969	2,048	2,283	2,289	2,122
North West	337	368	404	394	360
Greater Manchester	94	131	141	108	106
Stockport	10	10	11	11	11

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

There has been an increased need for the service for clients to access NSP service, and the CDT have been able to continue to develop existing pharmacy NSP services in line with client specific need. An example of this is the increase in Performance & Image Enhancing Drug (PIED) users (steroid / growth hormone / melanotan users) in the borough. PIED users require a different ‘profile’ of needle exchange equipment than an IV heroin, amphetamine or crack cocaine user, and so for that reason Stockport Public Health commissioners have worked closely with certain pharmacies, where there is a high level of PIED clients presentation, to ensure that they adapt their equipment stocks accordingly, and staff feel supported to deal with and advise this client group. Input over the coming months will focus on ensuring that core and satellite NSP Services are working in line with recent NICE PH52 NSP guidance.

4.4.4 Emergency Hormonal Contraception (EHC)

Four pharmacies are commissioned to provide the Emergency Hormonal Contraception (EHC) service under a Patient Group Directions (PGD) (see table 4.10 and [appendix 1 – map 16](#)). The EHC service is dependent upon the individual pharmacist who must comply with self-accreditation training via CPPE (Centre for Post Graduate Pharmacy Education). It is expected that the EHC service is available at all times the pharmacy is trading and a compliant consultation area is essential.

Table 4.10: Emergency Hormonal Contraception Service					
	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
England	3,179	3,085	3,552	3,483	3,342
North West	329	384	611	601	761
Greater Manchester	42	34	189	138	162
Stockport	3	3	3	3	4

Source: Health and Social Care Information Centre

An assured service, with access to the 20 minute consultation, is at present commissioned in the town centre, at 2 pharmacies. Additionally the EHC service is also commissioned in the Brinnington area, at 2 pharmacies, targeted here to reduce the high level of teenage pregnancy in this area.

EHC under PGD is not limited to Stockport residents and is available 7 days per week. EHC is also available in community pharmacies in neighbouring PCTs, sexual health clinics and GP practices. Central Youth also provide a complete Sexual Health service for clients under the age of 25. The level of provision indicates no gap for EHC services in Stockport.

4.4.5 Chlamydia screening

Chlamydia screening is currently available in the town centre community pharmacies commissioned to provide the PGD EHC services described in section 4.4.4 above (see [appendix 1 - map 16](#)). This will be reviewed annually as an alternative to the existing services managed by RUClear and offered in Central Youth. The level of provision indicates no gap for chlamydia screening services in Stockport currently, should an annual review identify a gap a supplementary statement will be issued.

4.5 Locally Commissioned Services – Stockport CCG

4.5.1 Out of hours service

Stockport CCG commission an out of hours pharmaceutical service from 08:30 to 22:00 Monday to Saturday and 09:30 until 22:00 on Sunday and Bank Holidays, 365 days per year. The service is located at the pharmacy adjacent to the out of hours GP service (map reference 38). Other pharmacies choose to open extended supplementary hours, which negates the need for directed hours from other pharmacies.

Community Pharmacies with 100 hour contracts within Stockport (increased to 7 since the previous PNA assessment see section 4.1.1) and in bordering areas are integral in providing pharmaceutical services for extended hours.

[Appendix 1 – maps 9-11](#) provide details for weekday out of hours, Saturday and Sunday provision of pharmaceutical services.

4.5.2 Screening services

Blood pressure monitors are available in pharmacies that have completed accredited training to enable them to monitor and screen patients on request. The screen is often included within the MUR service (see section 4.2.1) or as part of a lifestyle campaign. Calibration is undertaken by the CCG, but there is no funding to the pharmacy for the service.

4.5.3 On demand availability of specialist drugs (Last Days of Life Prescribing)

Last Days of Life medications are stocked by 28 pharmacies to fulfil prescriptions for patients entering the end stage of life. The formulary is agreed as is minimum quantities stocked. The service is open to all pharmacies, but there is no specific additional funding to supplement that available via the dispensing of the FP10 (see [appendix 1 – map 17](#))

4.5.4 CCG Pharmaceutical Support Services

4.5.4.1 Disease specific medicines management

The CCG has a team of pharmacists who work as a Medicine Management optimisation team to review medication for various groups of patients. There is a specific service offered to the COPD (Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease) team and the integrated care teams. The key role is to ensure safe clinically cost effective prescribing and therefore appropriate use of the drug budget. They work closely with colleagues in the rest of Greater Manchester and use the Greater Manchester Medicines Management Group Formulary. They also provide support to the commissioning team purchasing services from the hospitals, and advise on the role of medicines in a range of care pathways.

4.5.4.2 Care Homes

Support to care homes (residential and nursing) is also offered through the Medicine Management team at the CCG. Policy and guidance has been developed and, working with the local authority, is supported by visits to the homes.

4.6 Dispensing appliance contractors

Dispensing Appliance Contractors (DAC) are unable to supply medicines. Most specialise in supplying stoma appliances, such as colostomy, urostomy and ileostomy bags and associated products, providing a specialist service to a niche market. DAC cover a wider geographical area than a community pharmacy, often spanning more than one health locality or even provide services nationwide.

Every DAC has to provide mandatory essential services relating to these products and can choose to provide two advanced services: Appliance Use Reviews (AUR) and Stoma Appliance Customisation (SAC) (see sections 4.2.3 and 4.2.4).

Currently there is one DAC located within the boundaries of Stockport with two others sited close to the border in Tameside. A significant number of Stockport prescriptions for these products are dispensed by cross border DACs.

Pharmacy contractors can choose to accept prescriptions for appliances and dispense them under their pharmaceutical contract or obtain the service from a DAC or wholesaler located at a national distribution site. For example a Nottingham based DAC provides products to a national pharmacy chain with sites in Stockport. Thus Stockport patients are receiving a service of a DAC in Nottingham via a pharmacy located in Stockport.

It is often a joint decision between the specialist from secondary care and the patient as to where the prescription for an appliance is sent and thus how the dispensing appliance service is provided.

There have been no reported issues from patients or prescribers to indicate that Stockport patients have difficulty in obtaining the products they require.

4.7 Stockport NHS Trust Hospital pharmacy services

The following section provides information about Stockport NHS Trust Hospital pharmacy services, it is important to note that these are not community pharmacy services, and therefore are outside the scope of this PNA and do not add to the provision of services to meet resident needs.

4.7.1 Admission & patient stay

Patients who are admitted to hospital at Stockport NHS Foundation Trust will have medicines reconciliation within 24 hours. This process is augmented by independent pharmacist prescribers and transcribers.

Additionally all patients have a smoking history taken on admission and, where appropriate, advice on quitting smoking and signposting for further help on discharge is given. Women in pregnancy are given advice on quitting smoking and second-hand smoke. There are plans being implemented so that all patients who smoke and require elective surgery will be advised, when planning that elective surgery, so that complications will be reduced following a sufficient period of quitting.

4.7.2 Discharge of patients

All patients discharged from Stockport NHS Foundation Trust will have an electronic discharge communication which is forwarded to GPs and should contain all the relevant information relating to the patients stay including medication changes.

Patients are given a copy and encouraged to review this with their community pharmacy at the time of their next repeat prescription in primary care. With the consent of the patient the community pharmacy may be contacted directly via discharge planning arrangements for those patients considered to be a particular risk so that active follow up may take place. These patients may be identified at admission, especially if the admission is medicine related.

Where applicable the hospital will dispense medicines in auxiliary aides and repeat prescription arrangements are made accordingly in primary care by direct communication between the hospital and the community pharmacy.

4.7.3 Outpatients

In September 2014 a new pharmacy outpatient site opened at Stockport NHS Foundation Trust which provides an outpatient prescription service; giving quicker access to medicines for patients. It is envisaged that other pharmacy services could be provided at this site to include pharmacist led clinics and medication reviews.

For prescriptions dispensed by the hospital, a supply for one month or the relevant course is the normal volume. Where the medicine being prescribed is a hospital only product the patient obtains repeat supplies from the hospital.

A number of shared care protocols are in operation which allows care to be shared by the hospital specialist and the patients GP. The Trust formulary and compliance with NICE technology appraisals are available on the Trust internet website.

4.7.4 Clinical Pharmacy Services

Stockport NHS Foundation Trust offer a number of specialist pharmacy services including respiratory medicine, cardiology, care of the elderly, gastroenterology and two Macmillan posts for oncology / palliative care and haematology. There are dedicated pharmacists for antibiotics management and patient safety.

4.7.5 Regional specialist services

Specialist technical services are provided from Stockport NHS Foundation Trust with an integrated service experienced in this highly specialised area of pharmacy.

Stockport Pharmaceuticals manufactures and distributes unlicensed medicines for a comprehensive range of public and private sector healthcare organisations. Investigational Medicinal Products (IMPs) are also manufactured on site for use in clinical trials.

A broad range of aseptically prepared products are also available.

Quality Control North West provides quality assurance and quality control services to both public and private sector organisations; working as part of a team to assure the quality of medicines and to contribute to minimising the risk of patients receiving defective medicines.

Community pharmacists have access to products and services from these units in the same way as with any other supplier of medicinal products.

4.7.6 Team to team meetings

The Stockport NHS Foundation Trust pharmacy team and Stockport CCG Medicine Management team meet regularly to agree actions that are intended to meet the needs of patients obtaining services in both secondary and primary care.

4.8 Internet Pharmacy Provision

Within the borough of Stockport there are 2 internet/ distance selling pharmacies which dispense a small proportion of local prescriptions. Out of area internet and distance selling pharmacies now account for at least 0.8% of the total volume of prescription items which indicates a significant increase since the previous PNA assessment; but still an overall small percentage of the total provision.

5 Gaps in provision of Pharmaceutical Services

5.1 Essential Services

Stockport as a locality has adequate provision of essential services to meet the needs of the 283,000 (2012) population by providing a service for > 93% of the residents within 1km of their home. This is further enhanced by the provision of pharmacies within 1km of the boundary of the borough. The number of community pharmacies in Stockport has increased since the previous PNA.

There is adequate choice of independent or multiple pharmacy provider within a 20 minute public transport journey and >96% of the population live within 2km of three or more pharmacy providers.

Data from 2012/13 indicates that the average number of items dispensed per pharmacy in Stockport is 9% higher than the England average. However this represents a fall from the previous PNA (17%) and there are currently no concerns over the quality of the provision of essential services or evidence of patients experiencing difficulty accessing pharmaceutical services; therefore this should not in itself be a reason to require any additional provision.

The possible future development of the Woodford Aerodrome site, with around 920 new homes, may lead to a gap in essential service provision once the development is underway and occupied; as currently the nearest pharmacy is more than 2km away. A supplementary statement will be issued at the point when the 460th home is occupied.

In addition Cheshire East's proposed East Handforth village, still under consultation, may lead to further need; a joint assessment of these needs will be undertaken once plans are finalised.

Analysis of opening hours and trading days shows there is adequate provision for out of hours services. Potential future needs arising out of changes to GP provision, particularly changes to hours of operation, will be assessed on a case by case basis against existing pharmacy provision as part of NHS England's contractual process.

Any change to provision of pharmacy services in Stockport will be signalled via publication of a supplementary statement to this PNA.

5.2 Advanced Services

MUR and NMS data for Stockport indicates that 2012/13 provision was increasing and in line with the North West level of service. Any pharmacy may choose to provide the MUR or NMS service provided they meet all the national regulations. Appliance Use Reviews and Stoma Customisation can also be provided by any relevant pharmacy and subject to regulations. Analysis shows that advanced services are sufficiently well distributed in Stockport and there are no reported concerns about provision.

5.3 Locally Commissioned Services

The review of pharmacy needs does not indicate a gap in provision for locally commissioned services. Previously identified gaps in smoking cessation and supervised buprenorphine consumption have been met by additional local authority commissioning.

6 Consultation Process

6.1 Who has been consulted about the PNA?

The PNA requires a statutory 60 day consultation with a range of stakeholders. This was undertaken in the autumn of 2014 (17th September to 17th November), with the draft document available on line for duration of the review and comment invited from all statutory stakeholders, a list of whom is in appendix 2 along with the consultation questions.

Members of the public were also welcome to respond, however responses from this group were not actively sought through a specific consultation, as analysis of other PNAs indicated that response rates were likely to be insignificant. Instead all commissioners and Healthwatch have been asked to review complaints and comments relating to pharmacy services from the last three years and these have been fed into the needs review in section 3. This approach has been endorsed by NHS England and Stockport's Health and Wellbeing Board.

In addition to statutory consultees the draft PNA has also been discussed by Stockport's Health and Wellbeing Scrutiny Committee and Stockport's Health and Wellbeing Board.

6.2 Consultation response summary

In total 12 responses were received to the Stockport Draft PNA 2015 consultation from a range of consultees including local providers, neighbouring Health and Wellbeing Boards, Stockport Healthwatch and NHS England.

The consultation sought feedback to four questions about the content of the PNA (see table below).

	Yes	No	No answer	Comment
The document sets out the draft results of the pharmaceutical needs assessment for Stockport. Does it achieve this? If you think it does not, please explain why not.	3		6	3
Do you know of any relevant information that has not been included which could affect the statements or conclusions in this document? If yes, then please provide the additional information.		3	6	3
This document shows that pharmaceutical provision within Stockport is satisfactory with limited identified gaps. Do you agree with this statement? If you do not agree, what else should be considered?	3		6	3
Do you have any other relevant comments to add to this document?		4		8

Overall respondents were positive that the PNA achieved its objective of setting out the pharmaceutical needs of Stockport residents. The majority of the comments required minor clarification or factual correction within the PNA. Other changes include:

- Section 3.4.1 has been added to reflect the proposals for development in Cheshire East
- Section 2.4.3 has been amended to better explain the reasons for the decision to treat Stockport as a single locality.
- Section 4 was amended to reflect the reasons for the choice of threshold level.

- Section 4.1.1 has been amended to highlight the need for NHS England to review of hours of trading on a case by case basis as part of contractual process for changes in GP hours.
- Sections 4.3.2, 4.4.1 and 4.4.2 have been amended to reflect changes in service provision since September 2014.
- Section 6.1 has been amended to set out the reasons why a specific public consultation was not undertaken.

All respondents have been contacted to offer thanks for their contribution and to provide specific feedback on issues raised where appropriate.

Appendix 3 summarises the detailed consultation responses.

7 PNA updates and supplementary statements

This document will be published as Stockport Health and Wellbeing Board Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment 2015 on or before 1st April 2015.

In accordance with the NHS Pharmaceutical Services and Local Pharmaceutical Services Regulations 2013, Stockport Health and Wellbeing Board will publish a revised assessment within 3 years (by 1st April 2018) unless there are identified changes to pharmaceutical needs assessment relevant to the granting of applications and in which case a revised PNA will be published as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Supplementary Statements will be issued on the opening or closure of pharmacies, or when there are pharmaceutical needs assessment changes that are minor and would not be relevant for granting of applications or have been signalled already in this document as having a potential, although as yet unknown, implication for local pharmaceutical service needs.

Supplementary Statements will be published in the same location as the 2015 PNA and will be approved by the Chair of Stockport Health and Wellbeing board prior to release.

Appendix 1 Maps

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[Map 4 – Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies, 2007 Indices of Multiple Deprivation](#)

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[Map 13 – Smoking cessation enhanced services Stockport and cross border pharmacies](#)

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[Map 15 – Needle and syringe programme Stockport and cross border pharmacies](#)

[Map 16 – Emergency Hormonal Contraception under PGD & Chlamydia screening Stockport and cross border pharmacies](#)

[Map 17 – Last Days of Life Prescribing pathway Stockport and cross border pharmacies](#)

Index of Providers

Stockport Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode
1	Adswood Pharmacy	205 Garners Lane	Adswood	SK3 8QJ
2	Asda Pharmacy	Warren Street	Stockport	SK1 1UA
3	Boots [Bramhall]	1a Bramhall Lane South	Bramhall	SK7 1AL
4	Boots [Cheadle Hulme]	130 Turves Road	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 6AW
5	Boots [Cheadle]	32 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AL
6	Boots [Edgeley]	82 Castle Street	Edgeley	SK3 9AL
7	Boots [Heaton Moor]	56-58 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4NZ
8	Boots [Marple]	9 Market Street	Marple	SK6 7AA
9	Boots [Stockport]	47-49 Merseyway	Stockport	SK1 1PU
10	Bridge Pharmacy	128 Hulme Hall Road	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 6LQ
11*	Brinnington Pharmacy	Brinnington Health Centre	Brinnington	SK5 8BS
12	Carters Pharmacy	513 Hemphshaw Lane	Offerton	SK2 5TP
13	Cedrics Chemist	262 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3QD
14	Centre Pharmacy	21a/22 The Precinct	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 5BB
15*	Cheadle Heath Pharmacy	258 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG
16*	Cheadle Pharmacy	7 Ashfield Crescent	Cheadle	SK8 1BH
17	Cohens Chemists [Bredbury]	164-166 Higher Bents Lane	Bredbury	SK6 2LU
18	Cohens Chemists [Cheadle Heath]	256 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG
19	Cohens Chemists [Heaton Chapel]	344 Wellington Road North	Heaton Chapel	SK4 5DA
20	Cohens Chemist [Heaton Mersey]	448 Didsbury Road	Heaton Mersey	SK4 3BS
21	Cohens Chemist [Heaton Moor]	133 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4HY
22	Cohens Chemist [Reddish]	280-282 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6RN
23	Davenport Pharmacy	191 Bramhall Lane	Davenport	SK2 6JA
24	Dial House Pharmacy	144 Dialstone Lane	Offerton	SK2 6AP
25	Fir Road Pharmacy	8 Fir Road	Bramhall	SK7 2NP
26*	Heald Green Pharmacy	208 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3QA
27*	Hillgate Pharmacy	50 Higher Hillgate	Stockport	SK1 3PX
28	Jaybee Pharmacy	136 Lisburne Lane	Offerton	SK2 5RH
29	Lilleys Pharmacy	13 Turnstone Road	Offerton	SK2 5XT
30	Lloyds Pharmacy [Bredbury]	242 Stockport Road West	Bredbury	SK6 2AN
31	Lloyds Pharmacy [Cheadle Hulme]	1 Buckingham Road	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 5EG
32	Lloyds Pharmacy [Cheadle]	7 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AX
33	Lloyds Pharmacy [Edgeley]	99 Bloom Street	Edgeley	SK3 9LQ
34	Lloyds Pharmacy [Heaton Norris]	Heaton Norris Health Centre	Heaton Norris	SK4 1SX
35	Lloyds Pharmacy [Heaviley]	125 Buxton Road	Heaviley	SK2 6LR
36	Lloyds Pharmacy [Romiley]	2 Chichester Road	Romiley	SK6 4BL
37	Lloyds Pharmacy [Shaw Heath]	43-45 Longshut Lane West	Shaw Heath	SK2 6RX
38	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wellington Rd S]	236 Wellington Road South	Stockport	SK2 6NW
39	Lloyds Pharmacy [Woodley]	Woodley Health Centre	Woodley	SK6 1ND
40	Mai's Pharmacy	373 Buxton Road	Great Moor	SK2 7EY
41	Manor Pharmacy	32 Brinnington Road	Lower Brinnington	SK1 2EX
42*	Medichem Pharmacy	34-35 Woodley Precinct	Woodley	SK6 1RJ
43	Odell Pharmacy	601 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6NX
44	Peak Pharmacy [Heald Green]	204 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3QA
45	Peak Pharmacy [High Lane]	The Village Green, Buxton Rd	High Lane	SK6 8DR
46	Rowlands Pharmacy [Gatley]	10 Old Hall Road	Gatley	SK8 4BE
47	Rowlands Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	61 Arundel Avenue	Hazel Grove	SK7 5LD
48*	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Cheadle]	Wilmslow Road	Cheadle	SK8 3BB
49	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AW
50	Scorah Chemist [Bramhall]	61 North Park Road	Bramhall	SK7 3LQ
51	Scorah Chemist [Cheadle]	169 Councillor Lane	Cheadle	SK8 2JE
52	Scorah Chemist [Hazel Grove]	87 Macclesfield Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 6BG

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53	Singers Chemist	15 Church Road	Gatley	SK8 4NG
54	Superdrug Stores	4-6 Mersey Square	Stockport	SK1 1RA
55	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Brinnington]	Unit 5-6 Berwick Parade	Brinnington	SK5 8LQ
56	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	114 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AG
57	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hazel Grove 2]	221 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4HS
58	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Heaton Moor]	32 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4NX
59	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hillgate]	54 Higher Hillgate	Stockport	SK1 3PX
60	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Marple]	6 The Hollins	Marple	SK6 6AY
61	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Marple 2]	93 Stockport Road	Marple	SK6 6AA
62	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Marple Bridge]	19 Town Street	Marple Bridge	SK6 5AA
63	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Offerton]	217 Hall Street	Offerton	SK1 4JG
64	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Reddish]	1-3 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6AZ
65	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Reddish 2]	26 Reddish Road	Reddish	SK5 7PE
66	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Reddish 3]	2 Longford Road West	Reddish	SK5 6ET
67	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Romiley]	30 Stockport Road	Romiley	SK6 3AA
68	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Shaw Heath]	Shaw Heath Health Centre	Shaw Heath	SK3 8DN
69	Village Pharmacy	44-46 Bramhall Lane South	Bramhall	SK7 1AH
70	Bullen Dispensing Appliance Contract	11-12 Pennine View Ind Est	Marple	SK6 7JW
71	Lloyds Pharmacy - Internet only	Carrington House	Stockport	SK1 3JN
72	Stockport Pharmacy - Internet only	73a Castle Street	Edgeley	SK3 9AT

Cross Border Pharmacies

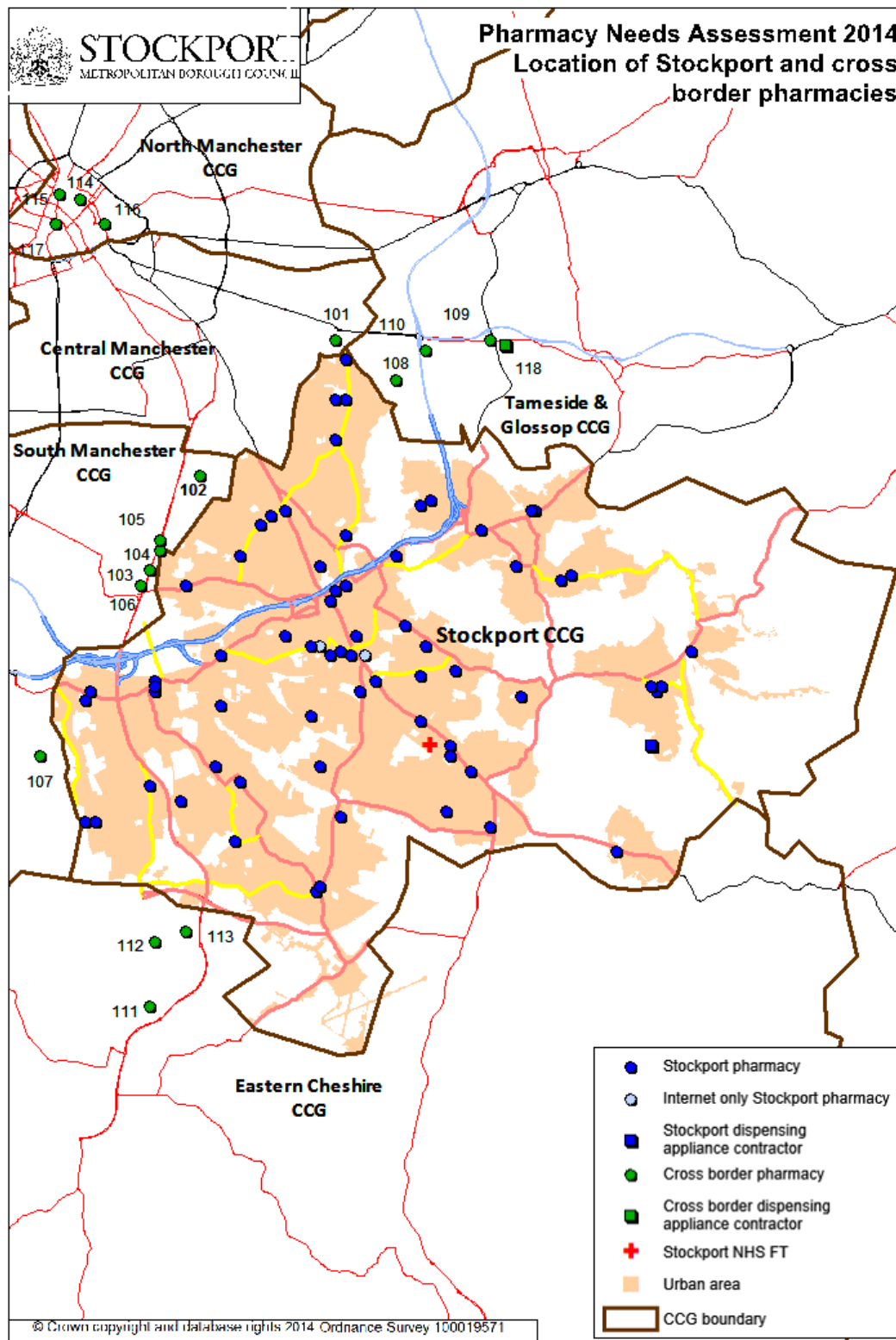
ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode
101	Lloyds Pharmacy [Gorton]	Reddish Lane	Gorton	M18 7JH
102	Boots [Burnage]	Burnage Lane	Burnage	M19 1FN
103	Lancewise Pharmacy [Burnage]	Burnage	Burnage	M19 1QP
104	Tesco Pharmacy [Burnage]	Burnage	Burnage	M19 1TF
105	Lancewise Pharmacy [Didsbury]	Lane End Rd	Didsbury	M19 1WA
106*	Tesco Pharmacy [Parrs Wood]	Parrs Wood	Parrswood	M20 5NP
107	Dean & Co Ltd	Peel Hall Road		M22 5DW
108	Windmill Pharmacy	Windmill Lane	Denton	M34 2ET
109*	Boots [Crown Point]	Crown Point Retail Park	Denton	M34 3LF
110*	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Denton]	Oldham Street	Denton	M34 3SJ
111	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wilmslow]	Wilmslow	Wilmslow	SK9 2TA
112	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Handforth]	Handforth	Handforth	SK9 3ES
113	Tesco Pharmacy [Handforth Dean]	Handforth Dean	Handforth Dean	SK9 3PA
114	Boots [Piccadilly]	Piccadilly	Manchester	M1 1LY
115	Boots [Market Street]	Market Street	Manchester	M1 1PL
116	Boots [Piccadilly Station]	Piccadilly Station	Manchester	M1 2BN
117	Cameolord Pharmacy	Oxford Road	Manchester	M1 5AE
118	Moorlands Dispensing Appliance Contractor		Denton	M34 3AG

* These pharmacies have 100 hour contracts

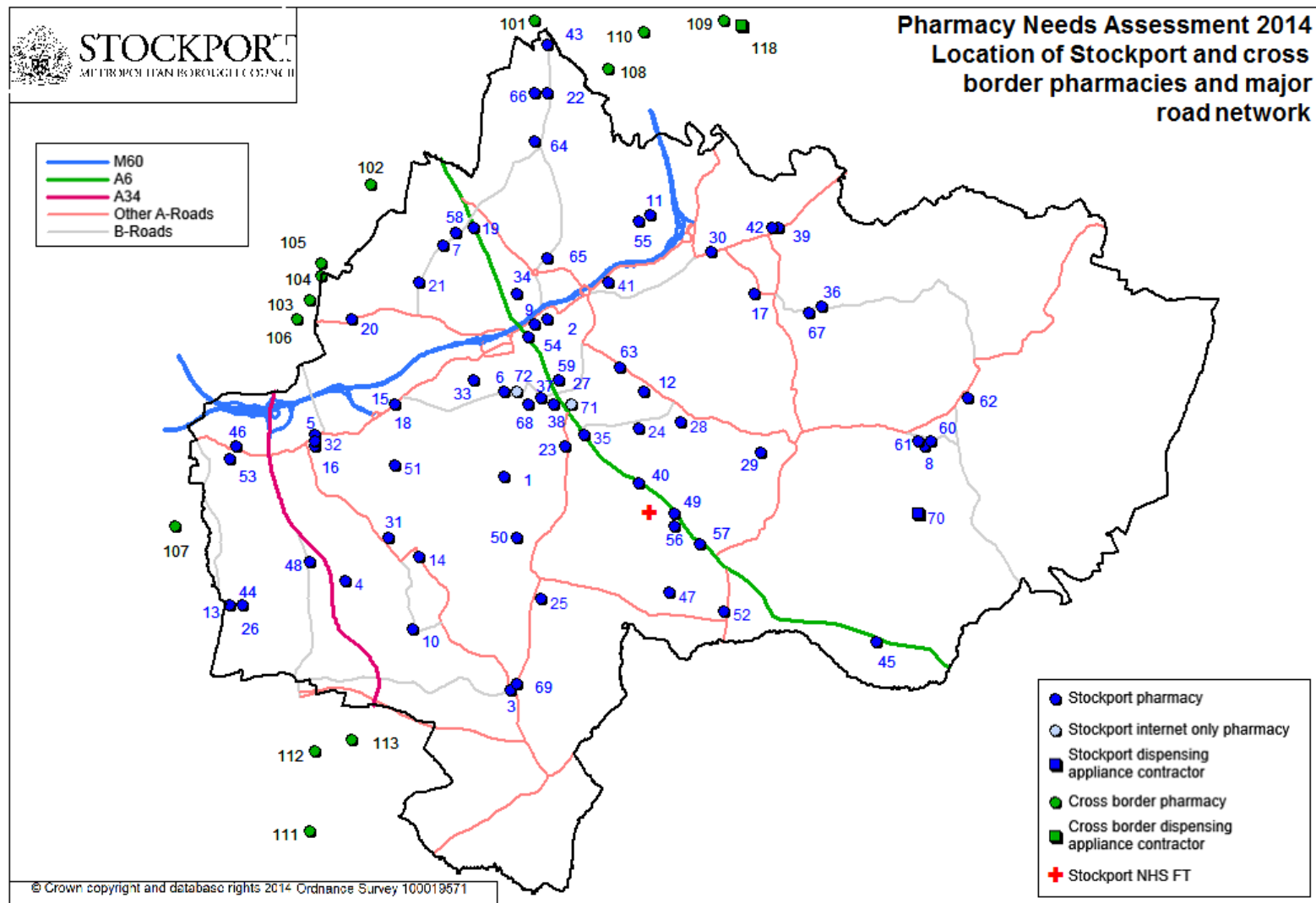
For current contact details and opening hours please refer to:

<http://www.nhs.uk/Service-Search/Pharmacy/LocationSearch/10>

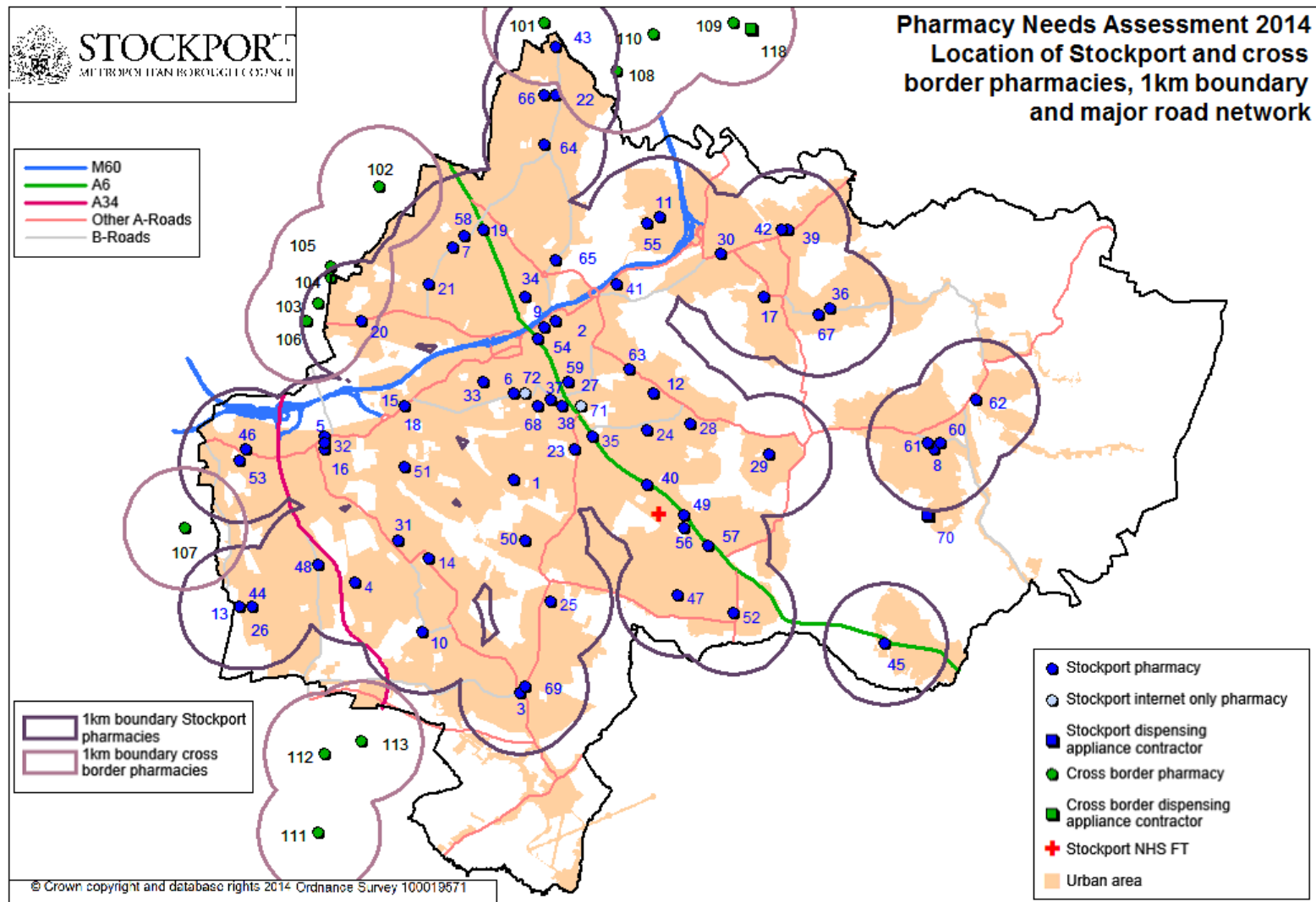
Map 1 – Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies



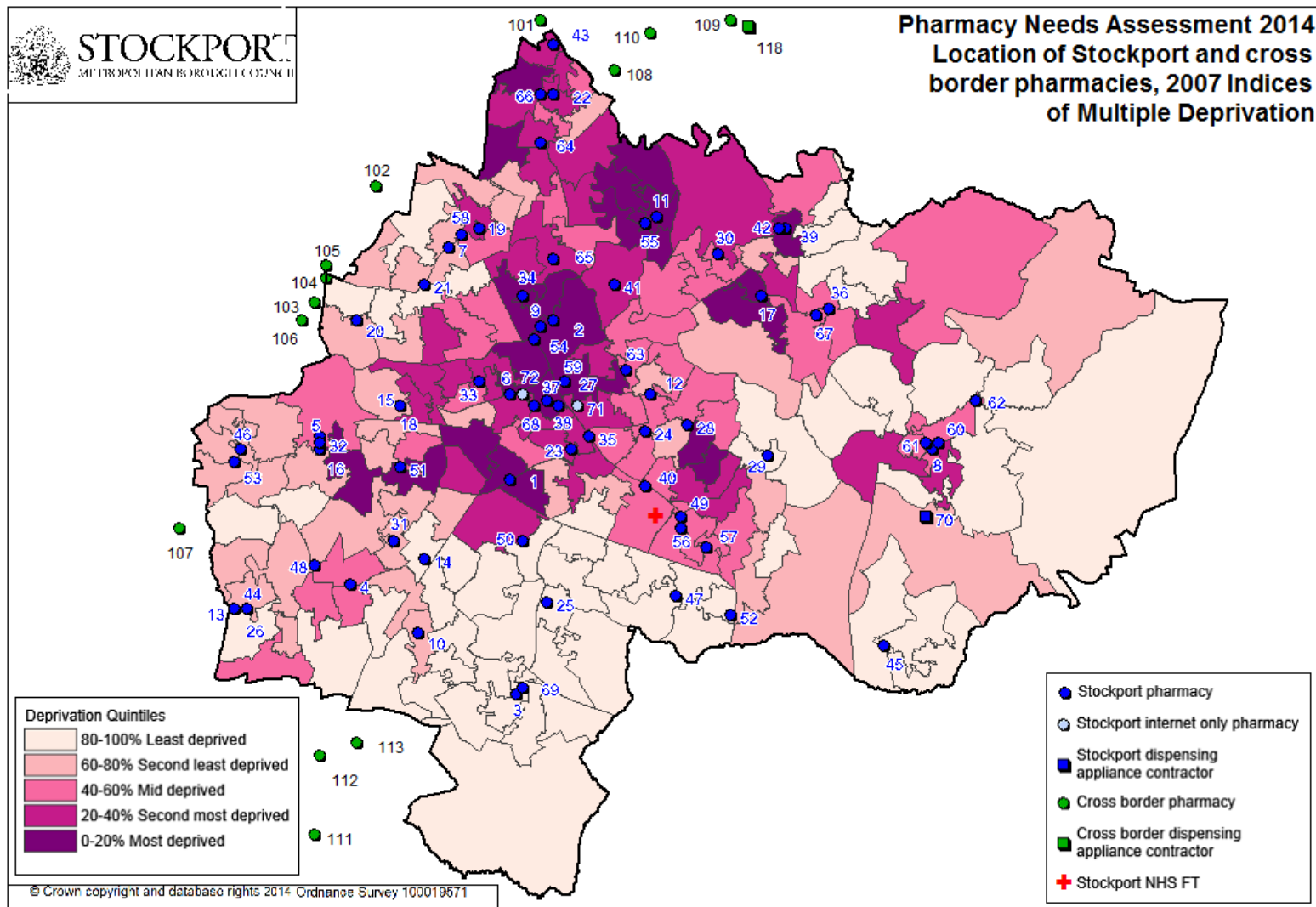
Map 2 – Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies and major road network



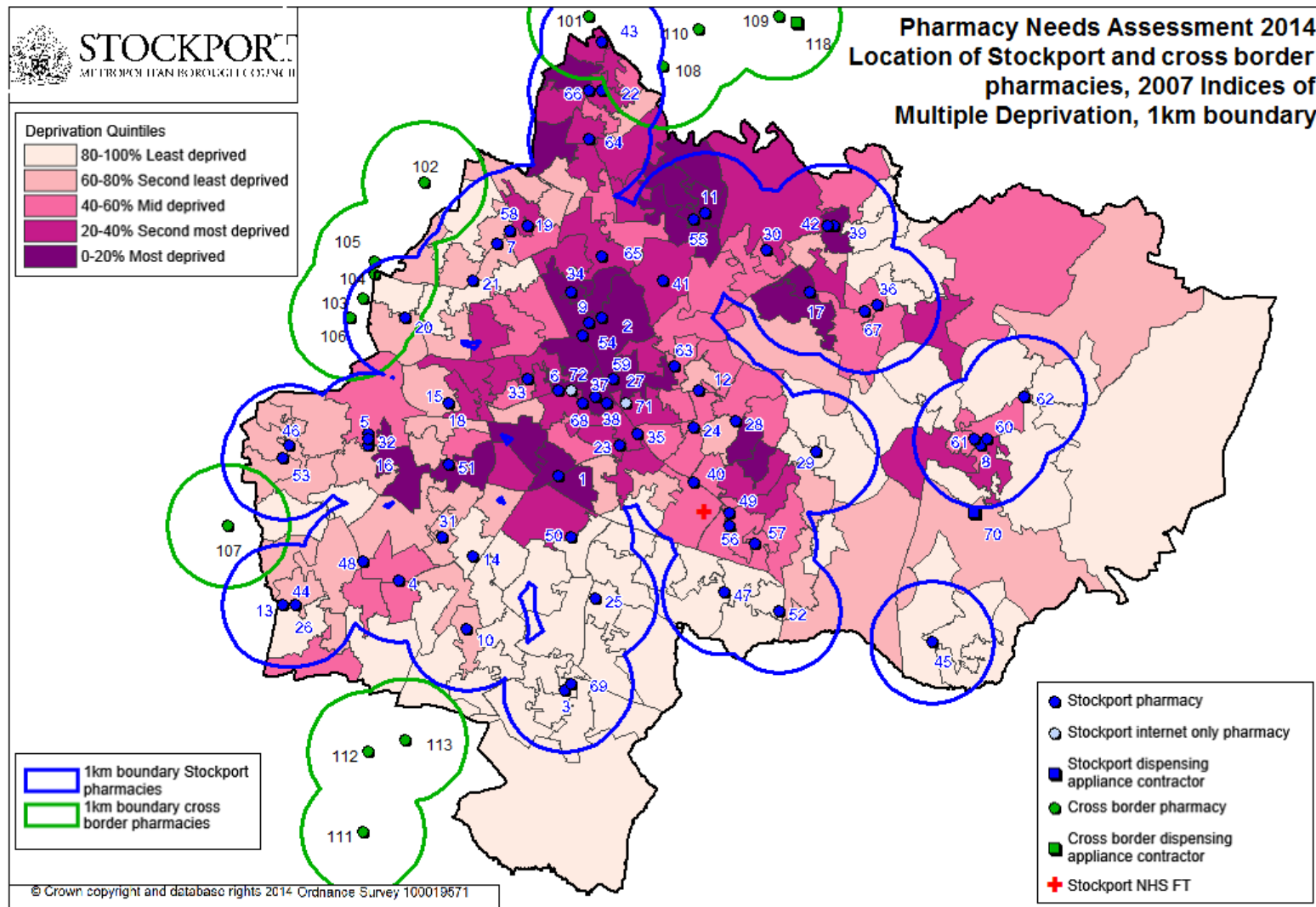
Map 3 – Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies, 1 km boundary and major road network



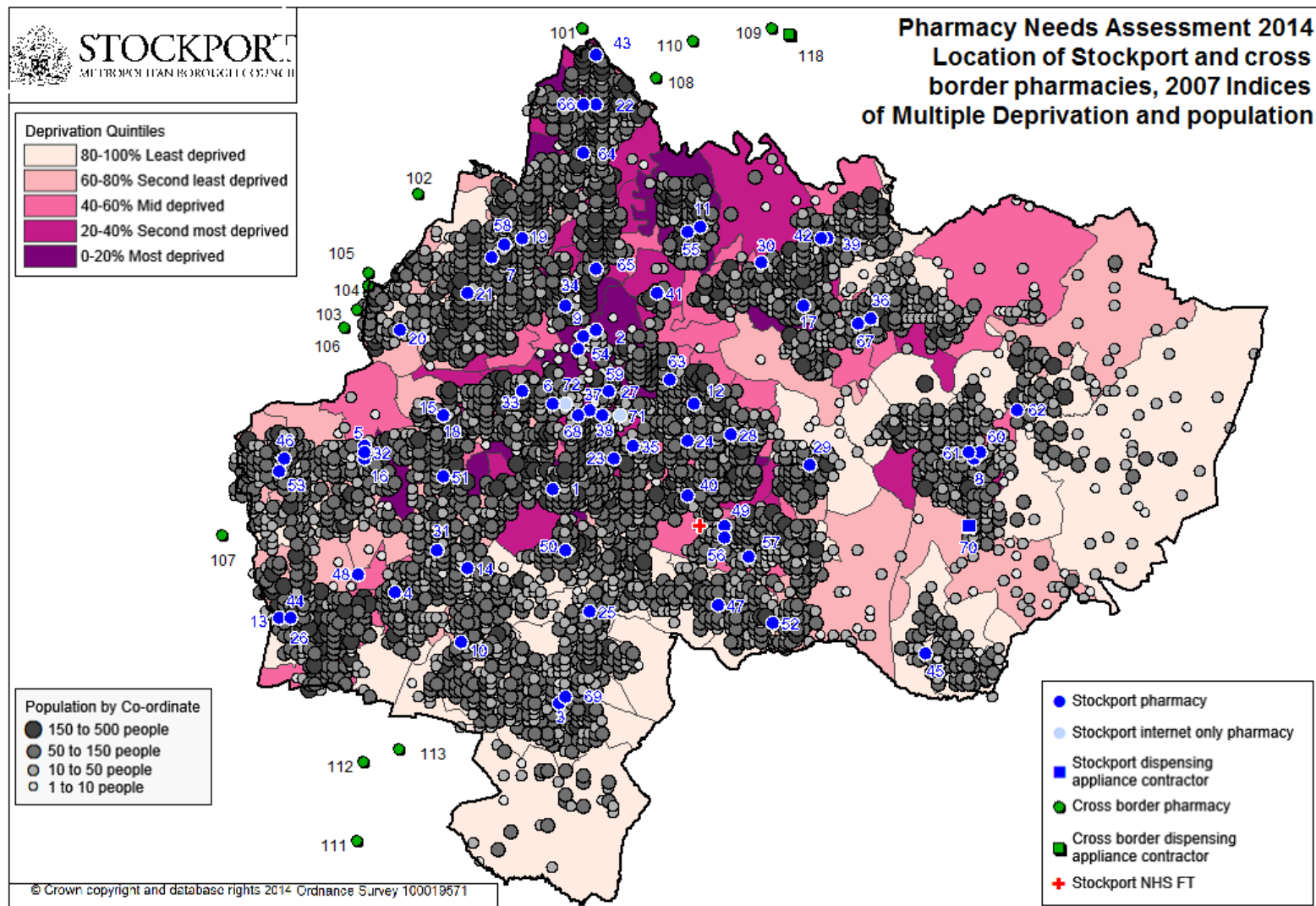
Map 4 – Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies, 2007 Indices of Multiple Deprivation



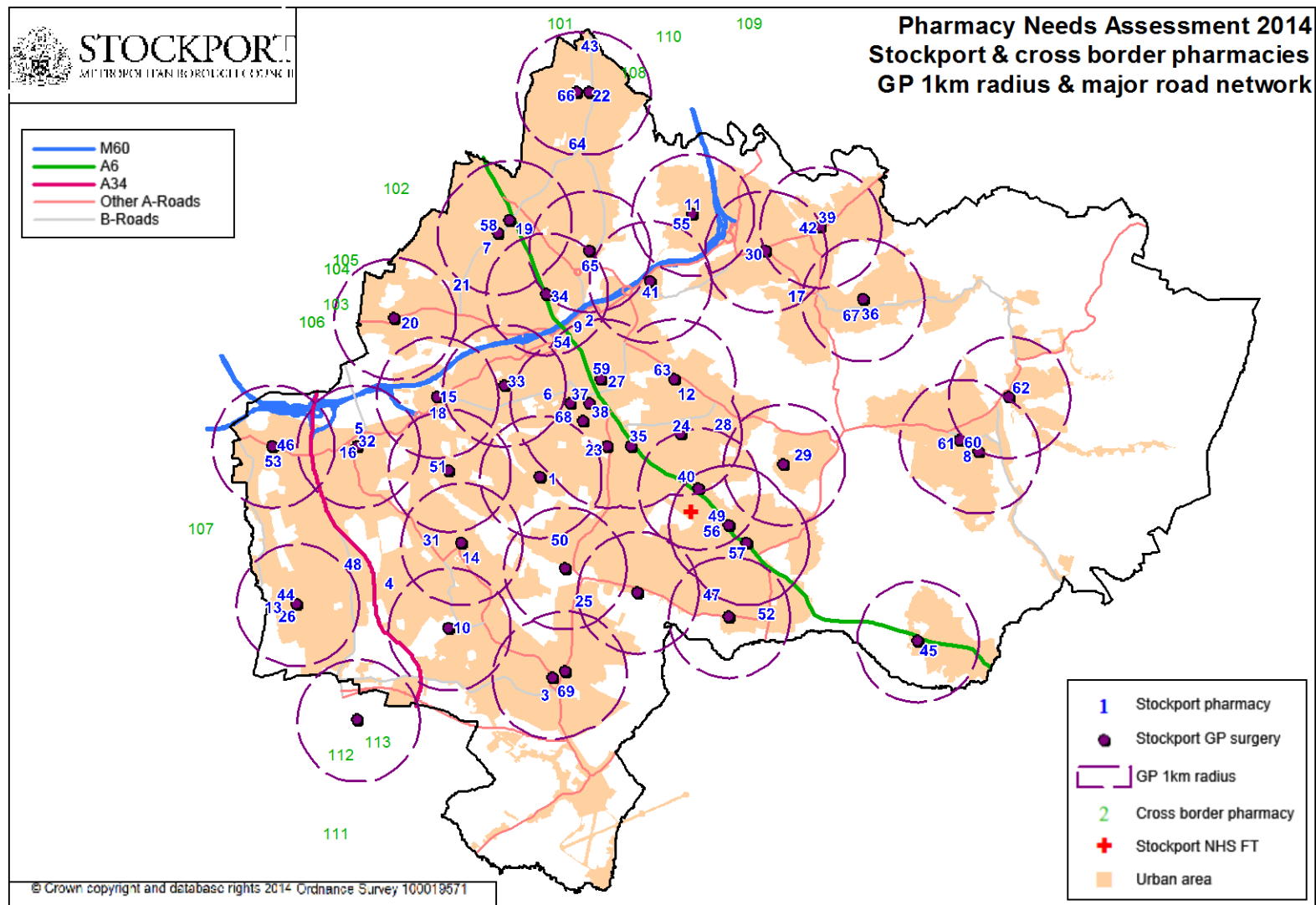
Map 5 – Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies, 2007 Indices of Multiple Deprivation, 1 km boundary



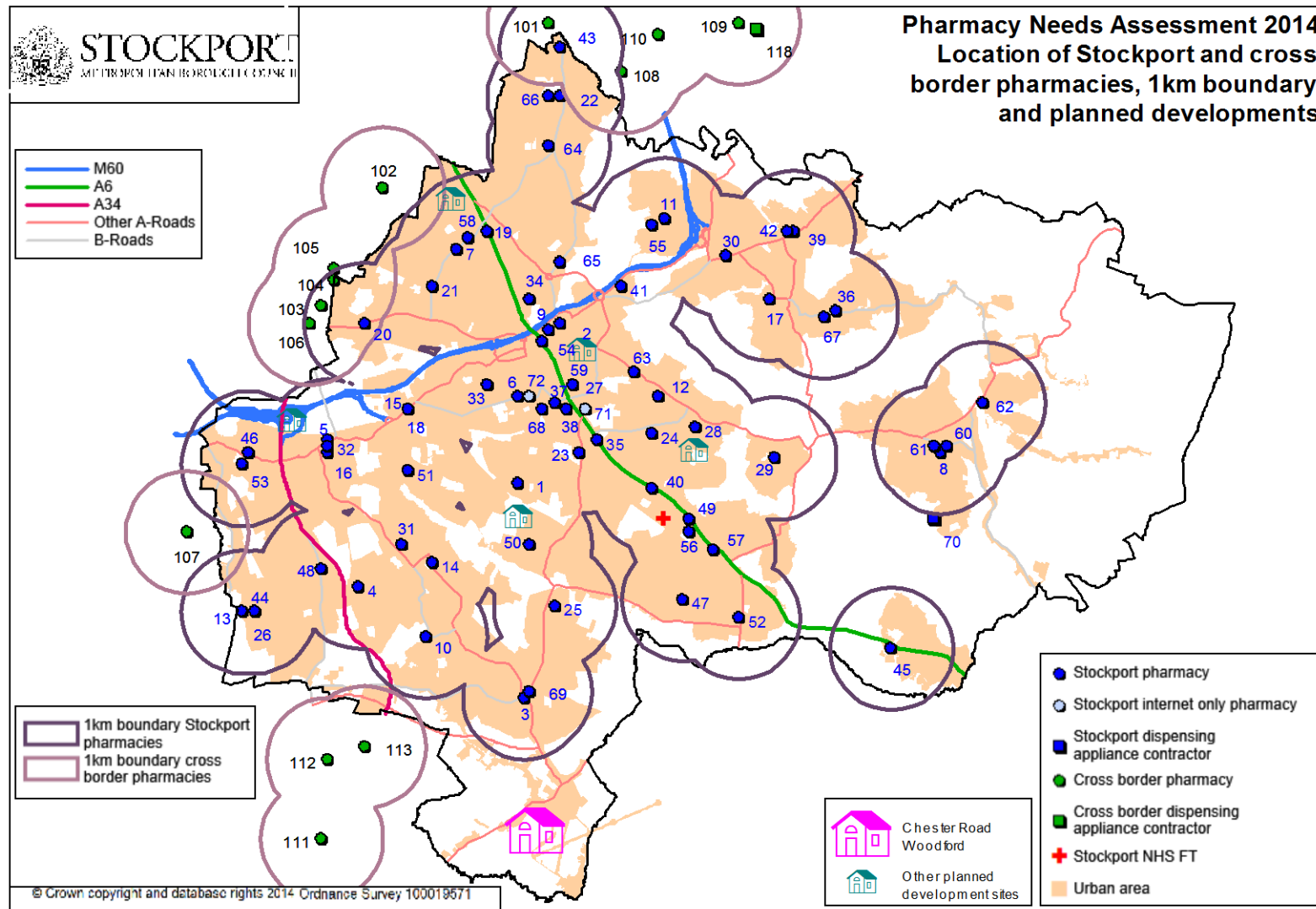
Map 6 – Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies, 2007 Indices of Multiple Deprivation and population



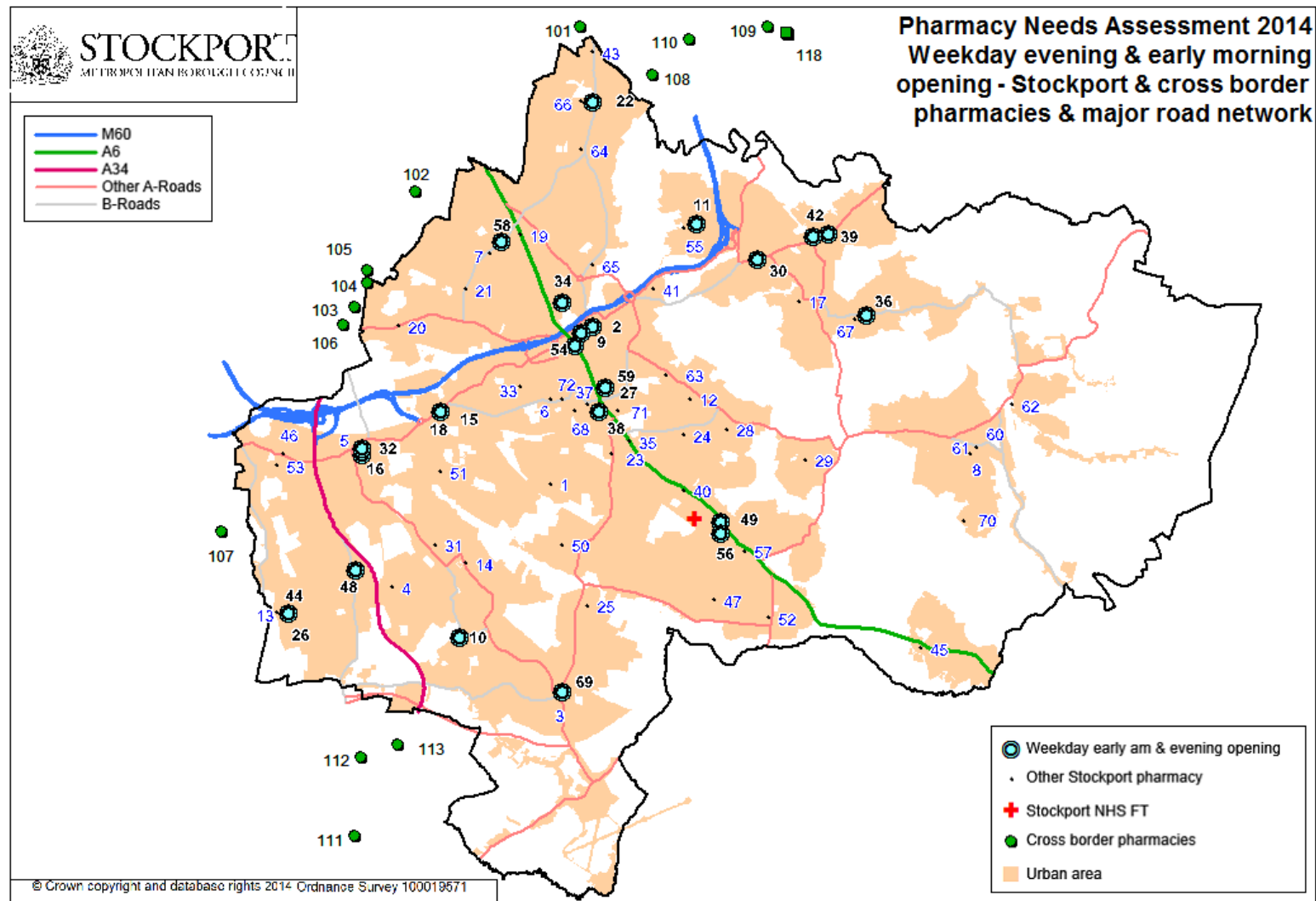
Map 7 – Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies in relation to Stockport GP surgeries with 1km radius



Map 8 - Location of Stockport and cross border pharmacies, 1 km boundary and planned developments



Map 9 – Weekday evening & early morning opening, Stockport and cross border pharmacies⁹



⁹ Note that pharmacies 60, 61, 62 (in the Marple area) operate a rota system(not contractual) to cover evening surgeries, providing out of hours in this area

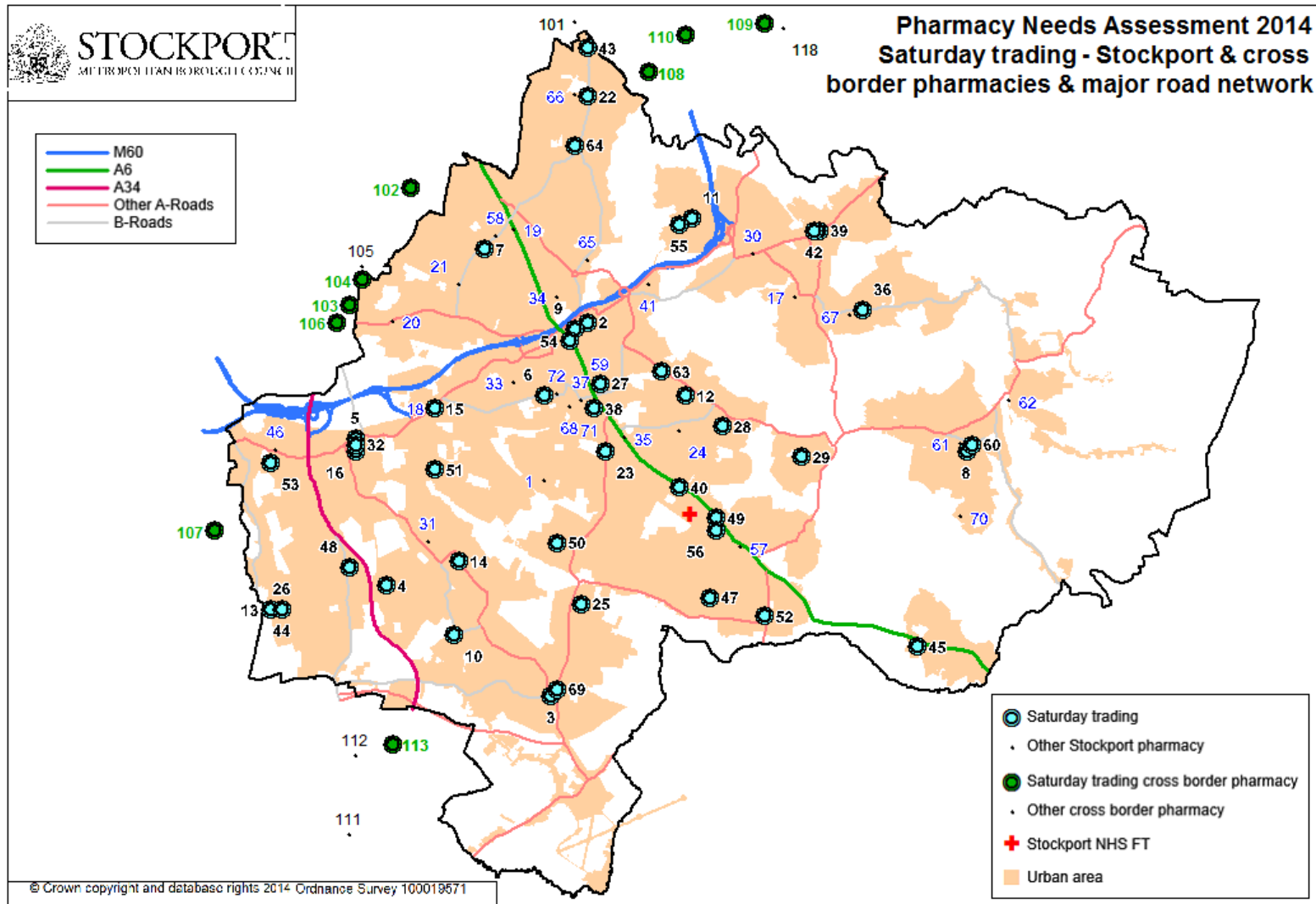
Pharmacies providing dispensing services weekday evenings &/or early mornings

Map 9 associated information

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Opening -am	Closing - pm
2	Asda Pharmacy	Warren Street	Stockport	SK1 1UA	8.30am	9 or 10pm
9	Boots [Stockport]	47-49 Merseyway	Stockport	SK1 1PU	8.30am	
10	Bridge Pharmacy	128 Hulme Hall Road	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 6LQ		7pm
11	Brinnington Pharmacy	Brinnington Health Centre	Brinnington	SK5 8BS	8am [7am Fri]	10.30pm
15	Cheadle Heath Pharmacy	258 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG	8am	11pm
16	Cheadle Pharmacy	7 Ashfield Crescent	Cheadle	SK8 1BH	7am	10pm
18	Cohens Chemists [Cheadle Heath]	256 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG	8.30am	
22	Cohens Chemist [Reddish]	280-282 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6RN	8.30am	
26	Heald Green Pharmacy	208 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 5QA	7am	10pm
27	Hillgate Pharmacy	50 Higher Hillgate	Stockport	SK1 3PX	7am	9.30pm
30	Lloyds Pharmacy [Bredbury]	242 Stockport Road West	Bredbury	SK6 2AN	8.30am	
32	Lloyds Pharmacy [Cheadle]	7 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AX	8.30am	6.30pm
34	Lloyds Pharmacy [Heaton Norris]	Heaton Norris Health Centre	Heaton Norris	SK4 1SX	8.30am	
36	Lloyds Pharmacy [Romiley]	2 Chichester Road	Romiley	SK6 4BL	8.30am	
38	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wellington Rd S]	236 Wellington Road South	Stockport	SK2 6NW	8.30am	10pm
39	Lloyds Pharmacy [Woodley]	Woodley Health Centre	Woodley	SK6 1ND	8.30am	6.30 or 7pm
42	Medichem Pharmacy	34-35 Woodley Precinct	Woodley	SK6 1RJ	8am	11.30pm
44	Peak Pharmacy [Heald Green]	204 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3AQ	8.30am	6.30pm
48	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Cheadle]	Wilmslow Road	Cheadle	SK8 3BB	7am	11pm
49	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AW	8am	10pm
54	Superdrug Stores	4-6 Mersey Square	Stockport	SK1 1RA	8am	
56	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	114 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AG	8.30am	6.30pm
58	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Heaton Moor]	32 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4NX	8.15am	7pm
59	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hillgate]	54 Higher Hillgate	Stockport	SK1 3PX		7pm
69	Village Pharmacy	44-46 Bramhall Lane South	Bramhall	SK7 1AH		6.30pm

Note that pharmacies 60, 61, 62 (in the Marple area) operate a rota system (not contractual) to cover evening surgeries, providing out of hours in this area

Map 10 – Saturday trading Stockport and cross border pharmacies



Pharmacies trading on Saturday

Map 10 associated information

Stockport pharmacies

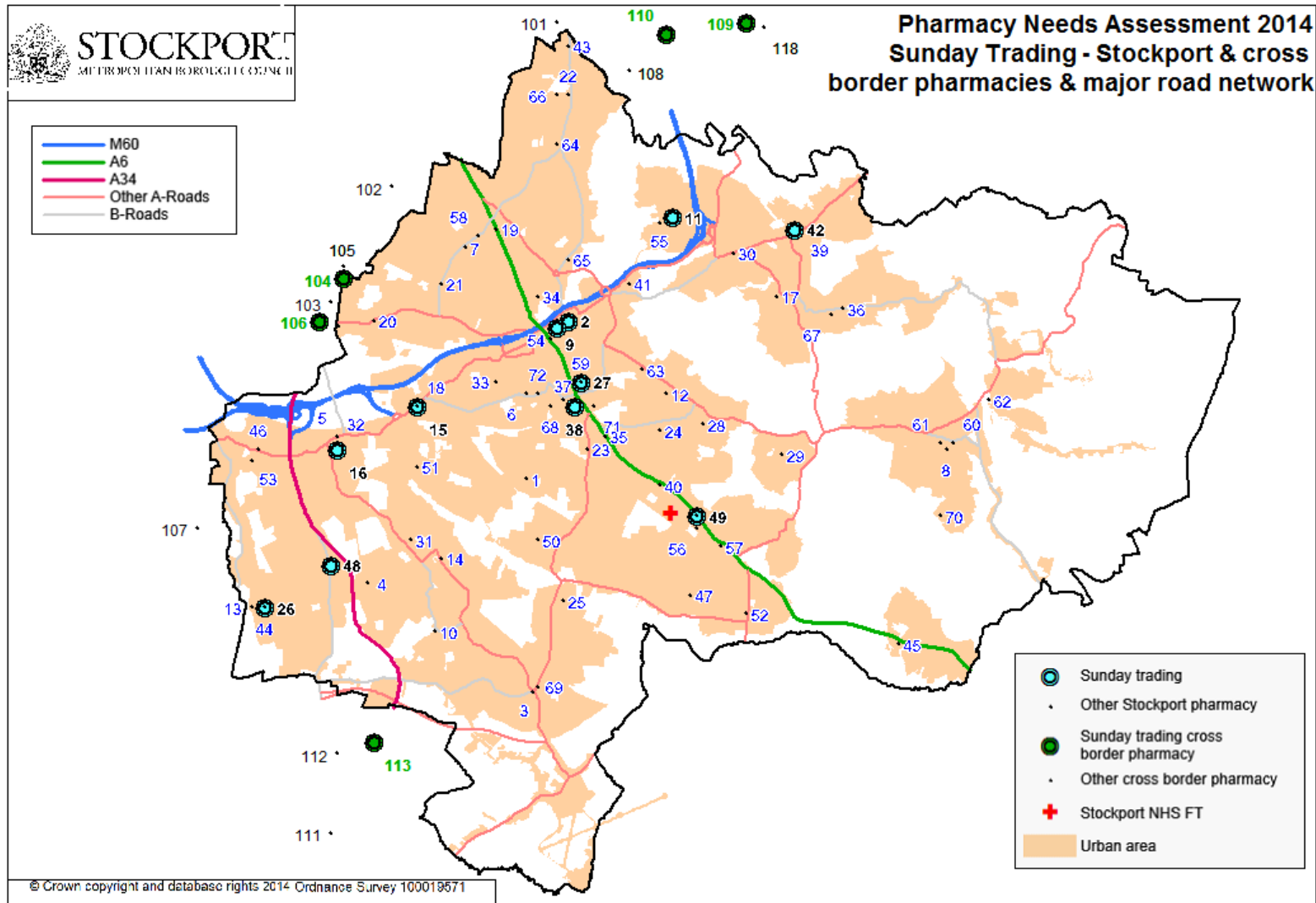
ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Trading Hours
2	Asda Pharmacy	Warren Street	Stockport	SK1 1UA	8.30 - 20.00
3	Boots [Bramhall]	1a Bramhall Lane South	Bramhall	SK7 1AL	9.00 - 17.30
4	Boots [Cheadle Hulme]	130 Turves Road	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 6AW	9.00 - 17.30
5	Boots [Cheadle]	32 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AL	8.45 - 17.30
6	Boots [Edgeley]	82 Castle Street	Edgeley	SK3 9AL	8.45 - 17.00
7	Boots [Heaton Moor]	56-58 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4NZ	9.00 - 17.30
8	Boots [Marple]	9 Market Street	Marple	SK6 7AA	8.45 - 17.00
9	Boots [Stockport]	47-49 Merseyway	Stockport	SK1 1PU	8.30 - 18.00
10	Bridge Pharmacy	128 Hulme Hall Road	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 6LQ	9.00 - 17.00
11	Brinnington Pharmacy	Brinnington Health Centre	Brinnington	SK5 8BS	9.00 - 22.00
12	Carters Pharmacy	513 Hempshaw Lane	Offerton	SK2 5TP	9.00 - 13.00
13	Cedrics Chemist	262 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3QD	9.00 - 14.00
14	Centre Pharmacy	21a/22 The Precinct	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 5BB	9.00 - 17.30
15	Cheadle Heath Pharmacy	258 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG	9.00 - 23.00
16	Cheadle Pharmacy	7 Ashfield Crescent	Cheadle	SK8 1BH	8.30 - 22.30
22	Cohens Chemist [Reddish]	280-282 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6RN	9.00 - 13.00
23	Davenport Pharmacy	191 Bramhall Lane	Davenport	SK2 6JA	9.00 - 16.00
25	Fir Road Pharmacy	8 Fir Road	Bramhall	SK7 2NP	9.00 - 17.00
26	Heald Green Pharmacy	208 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 5QA	7.00 - 22.00
27	Hillgate Pharmacy	50 Higher Hillgate	Stockport	SK1 3PX	7.00 - 21.30
28	Jaybee Pharmacy	136 Lisburne Lane	Offerton	SK2 5RH	9.00 - 13.00
29	Lilleys Pharmacy	13 Turnstone Road	Offerton	SK2 5XT	9.00 - 17.00
32	Lloyds Pharmacy [Cheadle]	7 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AX	9.00 - 17.30
36	Lloyds Pharmacy [Romiley]	2 Chichester Road	Romiley	SK6 4BL	9.00 - 13.00
38	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wellington Rd S]	236 Wellington Road South	Stockport	SK2 6NW	8.30 - 22.00
39	Lloyds Pharmacy [Woodley]	Woodley Health Centre	Woodley	SK6 1ND	9.00 - 13.00
40	Mai's Pharmacy	373 Buxton Road	Great Moor	SK2 7EY	9.00 - 13.00
42	Medichem Pharmacy	34-35 Woodley Precinct	Woodley	SK6 1RJ	8.00 - 23.30
43	Odell Pharmacy	601 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK56NX	9.00 - 13.00
44	Peak Pharmacy [Heald Green]	204 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3AQ	9.00 - 17.00
45	Peak Pharmacy [High Lane]	The Village Green, Buxton Rd	High Lane	SK6 8DR	9.00 - 13.00
47	Rowlands Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	61 Arundel Avenue	Hazel Grove	SK7 5LD	9.00 - 17.00 [closed 1pm -2pm]

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Trading Hours
48	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Cheadle]	Wilmslow Road	Cheadle	SK8 3BB	7.00 - 22.00
49	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AW	8.00 - 22.00
50	Scorah Chemist [Bramhall]	61 North Park Road	Bramhall	SK7 3LQ	9.00 - 13.00
51	Scorah Chemist [Cheadle]	169 Councillor Lane	Cheadle	SK8 2JE	9.00 - 13.00
52	Scorah Chemist [Hazel Grove]	87 Macclesfield Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 6BG	9.00 - 13.00
53	Singers Chemist	15 Church Road	Gatley	SK8 4NG	9.00 - 17.00
54	Superdrug Stores	4-6 Mersey Square	Stockport	SK1 1RA	9.00 - 17.30
55	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Brinnington]	Unit 5-6 Berwick Parade	Brinnington	SK5 8LQ	9.00 - 13.00
56	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	114 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AG	8.30 - 18.00
60	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Marple]	6 The Hollins	Marple	SK6 6AY	9.00 - 17.00
63	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Offerton]	217 Hall Street	Offerton	SK1 4JG	9.00 - 13.00
64	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Reddish]	1-3 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6AZ	9.00 - 17.00
69	Village Pharmacy	44-46 Bramhall Lane South	Bramhall	SK7 1AH	9.00 - 17.00

Cross Border Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Trading Hours
102	Boots [Burnage]	Burnage Lane	Burnage	M19 1FN	9.00 - 17.30
103	Lancewise Pharmacy [Burnage]	6 Queensway	Burnage	M19 1QP	9.00 - 13.00
104	Tesco Pharmacy [Burnage]	Burnage Lane	Burnage	M19 1TF	6.30 - 22.00
106	Tesco Pharmacy [Parrswood]	Parrswood Lane	Parrswood	M20 5NP	6.30 - 22.00
107	Dean & Co Ltd	Peel Hall Road		M22 5DW	9.00 - 17.00
108	Windmill Pharmacy	Windmill Lane	Denton	M34 2ET	9.00 - 13.00
109	Boots [Crown Point]	Crown Point Retail Park	Denton	M34 3LF	8.00 - 22.00
110	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Denton]	Oldham Street	Denton	M34 3SJ	8.00 - 21.00
113	Tesco Pharmacy [Handforth Dean]	Handforth Dean Retail park	Handforth Dean	SK9 3PA	6.30 - 22.00
114	Boots [Piccadilly]	11-13 Piccadilly	Manchester	M1 1LY	9.00 - 18.30
115	Boots [Market Street]	Market Street	Manchester	M1 1PL	8.00 - 20.00
116	Boots [Piccadilly Station]	Piccadilly Station	Manchester	M1 2BN	9.00 - 20.00
117	Cameolord Pharmacy	Oxford Road	Manchester	M1 5AE	8.00 - 24.00

Map 11 – Sunday trading Stockport and cross border pharmacies



Pharmacies trading on Sunday

Map 11 associated information

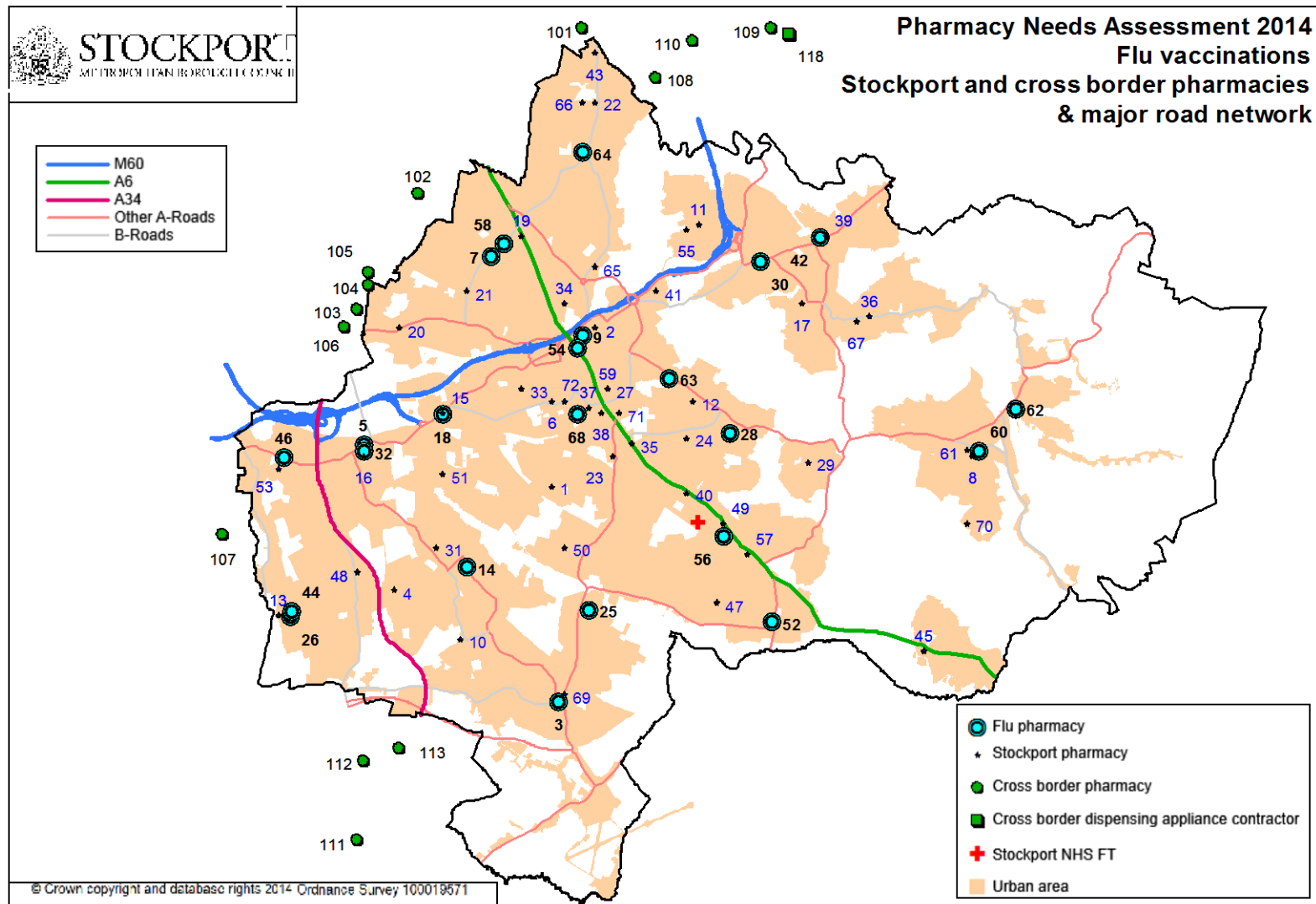
Stockport Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Trading Hours
2	Asda Pharmacy	Warren Street	Stockport	SK1 1UA	10.30 - 16.30
9	Boots [Stockport]	47-49 Merseyway	Stockport	SK1 1PU	10.30 - 16.30
11	Brinnington Pharmacy	Brinnington Health Centre	Brinnington	SK5 8BS	9.00 - 22.00
15	Cheadle Heath Pharmacy	258 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG	10.00 - 11.00
16	Cheadle Pharmacy	7 Ashfield Crescent	Cheadle	SK8 1BH	8.30 - 22.30
26	Heald Green Pharmacy	208 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 5QA	8.00 - 19.00
27	Hillgate Pharmacy	50 Higher Hillgate	Stockport	SK1 3PX	7.00 - 21.00
38	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wellington Rd S]	236 Wellington Road South	Stockport	SK2 6NW	9.30 - 22.00
42	Medichem Pharmacy	34-35 Woodley Precinct	Woodley	SK6 1RJ	10.00 - 17.30
48	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Cheadle]	Wilmslow Road	Cheadle	SK8 3BB	11.00 - 17.00
49	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AW	10.00 - 16.00

Cross Border Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Trading Hours
104	Tesco Pharmacy [Burnage]	Burnage Lane	Burnage	M19 1TF	10.00 - 16.00
106	Tesco Pharmacy [Parrswood]	Parrswood Lane	Parrswood	M20 5NP	10.00 - 16.00
109	Boots [Crown Point]	Crown Point Retail Park	Denton	M34 3LF	11.00 - 17.00
110	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Denton]	Oldham Street	Denton	M34 3SJ	10.00 - 16.00
113	Tesco Pharmacy [Handforth Dean]	Handforth Dean Retail park	Handforth Dean	SK9 3PA	10.00 - 16.00
114	Boots [Piccadilly]	11-13 Piccadilly	Manchester	M1 1LY	12.00 - 17.30
115	Boots [Market Street]	Market Street	Manchester	M1 1PL	11.00 - 17.00
116	Boots [Piccadilly Station]	Piccadilly Station	Manchester	M1 2BN	09.00 - 20.00
117	Cameolord Pharmacy	Oxford Road	Manchester	M1 5AE	8.00 - 24.00

Map 12 – Flu vaccinations Stockport and cross border pharmacies



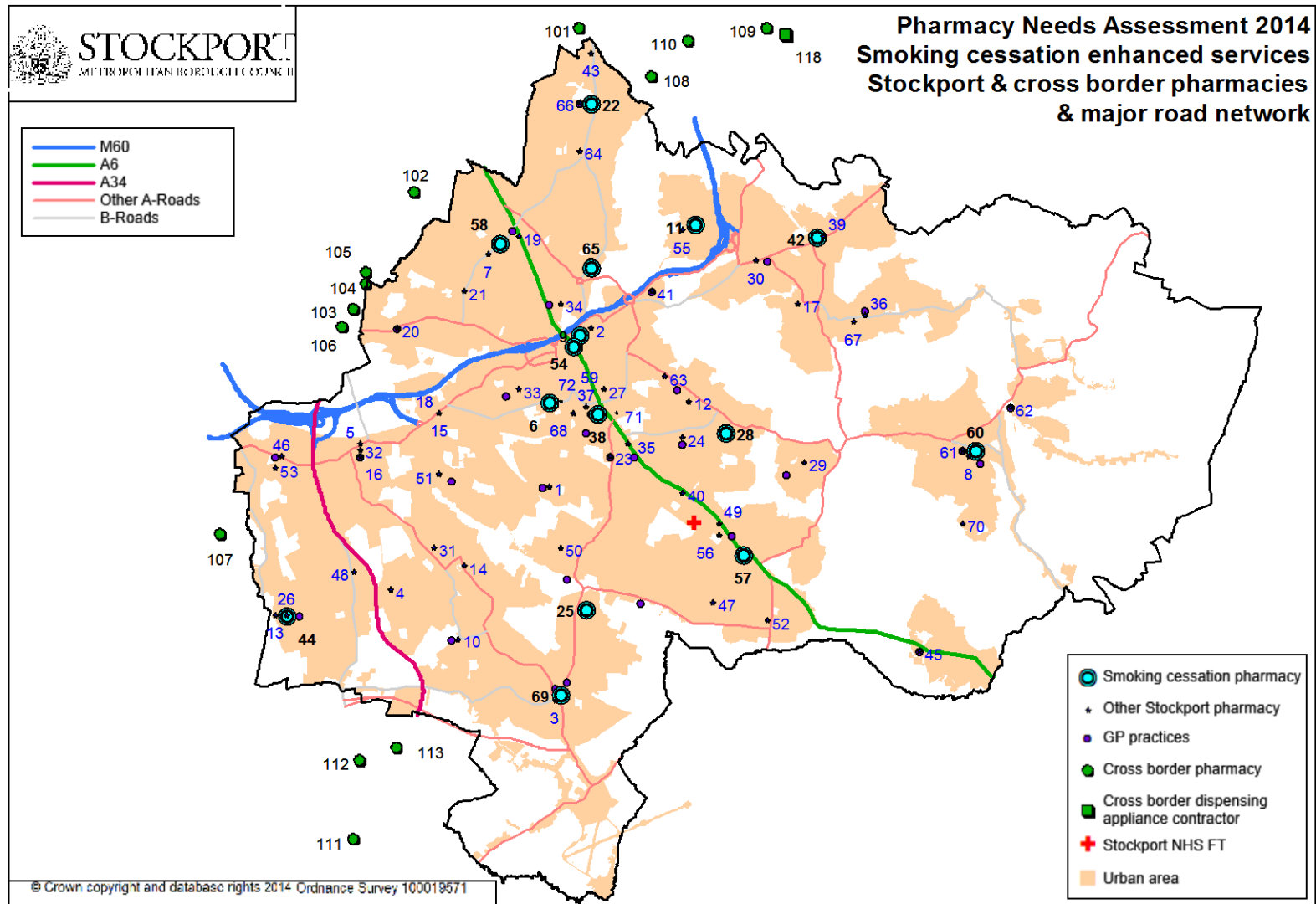
Pharmacies providing flu vaccinations

Map 12 associated data

Stockport Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Mon-Fri	Saturday	Sunday
3	Boots [Bramhall]	1a Bramhall Lane South	Bramhall	SK7 1AL	✓	✓	x
5	Boots [Cheadle]	32 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AL	✓	✓	x
7	Boots [Heaton Moor]	56-58 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4NZ	✓	✓	x
9	Boots [Stockport]	47-49 Merseyway	Stockport	SK1 1PU	✓	✓	✓
14	Centre Pharmacy	21a/22 The Precinct	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 5BB	✓	✓	x
18	Cohens Chemists [Cheadle Heath]	256 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG	✓	x	x
25	Fir Road Pharmacy	8 Fir Road	Bramhall	SK7 2NP	✓	✓	x
26	Heald Green Pharmacy	208 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3QA	✓	✓	✓
28	Jaybee Pharmacy	136 Lisburne Lane	Offerton	SK2 5RH	✓	✓	x
30	Lloyds Pharmacy [Bredbury]	242 Stockport Road West	Bredbury	SK6 2AN	✓	x	x
32	Lloyds Pharmacy [Cheadle]	7 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AX	✓	✓	x
42	Medichem Pharmacy	34-35 Woodley Precinct	Woodley	SK6 1RJ	✓	✓	✓
44	Peak Pharmacy [Heald Green]	204 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3QA	✓	✓	x
46	Rowlands Pharmacy [Gatley]	10 Old Hall Road	Gatley	SK8 4BE	✓	x	x
52	Scorah Chemist [Hazel Grove]	87 Macclesfield Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 6BG	✓	✓	x
54	Superdrug Stores	4-6 Mersey Square	Stockport	SK1 1RA	✓	✓	x
56	The Co-op Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	114 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AG	✓	✓	x
58	The Co-op Pharmacy [Heaton Moor]	32 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4NX	✓	x	x
60	The Co-op Pharmacy [Marple]	6 The Hollins	Marple	SK6 6AY	✓	✓	x
62	The Co-op Pharmacy [Marple Bridge]	19 Town Street	Marple Bridge	SK6 5AA	✓	x	x
63	The Co-op Pharmacy [Offerton]	217 Hall Street	Offerton	SK1 4JG	✓	✓	x
64	The Co-op Pharmacy [Reddish]	1-3 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6AZ	✓	✓	x
68	The Co-op Pharmacy [Shaw Heath]	Shaw Heath Health Centre	Shaw Heath	SK3 8DN	✓	x	x

Map 13 – Smoking cessation enhanced services Stockport and cross border pharmacies



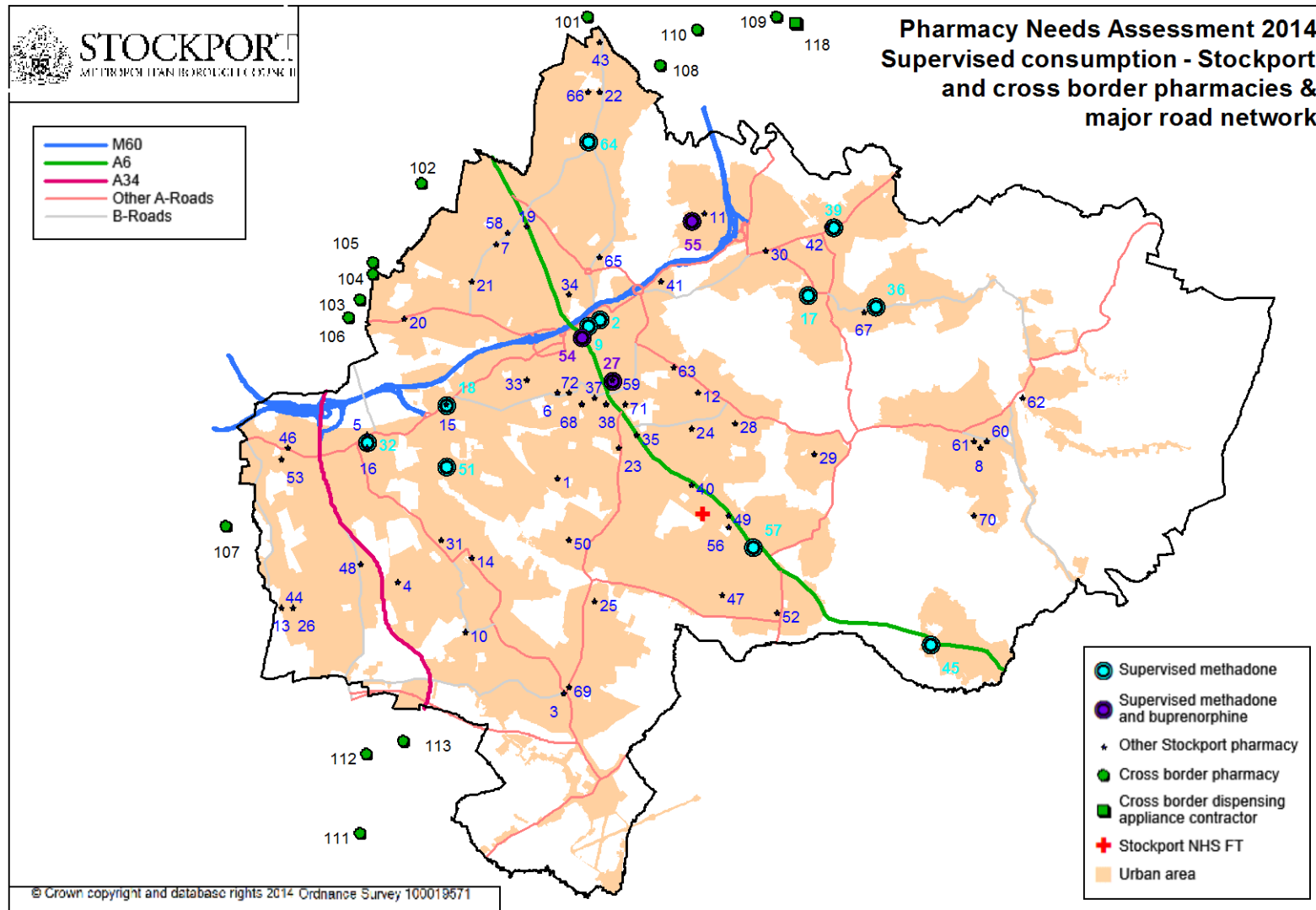
Pharmacies providing Smoking Cessation Enhanced Services

Map 13 associated data

Stockport Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Mon-Fri	Saturday	Sunday
6	Boots [Edgeley]	82 Castle Street	Edgeley	SK3 9AL	✓	✓	x
9	Boots [Stockport]	47-49 Merseyway	Stockport	SK1 1PU	✓	✓	✓
11	Brinnington Pharmacy	Brinnington Health Centre	Brinnington	SK5 8BS	✓	✓	✓
22	Cohens Chemist [Reddish]	280-282 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6RN	✓	✓	x
25	Fir Road Pharmacy	8 Fir Road	Bramhall	SK7 2NP	✓	✓	x
28	Jaybee Pharmacy	136 Lisburne Lane	Offerton	SK2 5RH	✓	✓	x
38	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wellington Rd S]	236 Wellington Road South	Stockport	SK2 6NW	✓	x	x
42	Medichem Pharmacy	34-35 Woodley Precinct	Woodley	SK6 1RJ	✓	✓	✓
44	Peak Pharmacy [Heald Green]	204 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3AQ	✓	✓	x
54	Superdrug Stores	4-6 Mersey Square	Stockport	SK1 1RA	✓	✓	x
57	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hazel Grove 2]	221 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4HS	✓	x	x
58	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Heaton Moor]	32 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4NX	✓	x	x
60	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Marple]	6 The Hollins	Marple	SK6 6AY	✓	✓	x
65	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Reddish 2]	26 Reddish Road	Reddish	SK5 7PE	✓	x	x
69	Village Pharmacy	44-46 Bramhall Lane South	Bramhall	SK7 1AH	✓	✓	x

Map 14 – Supervised consumption Stockport and cross border pharmacies



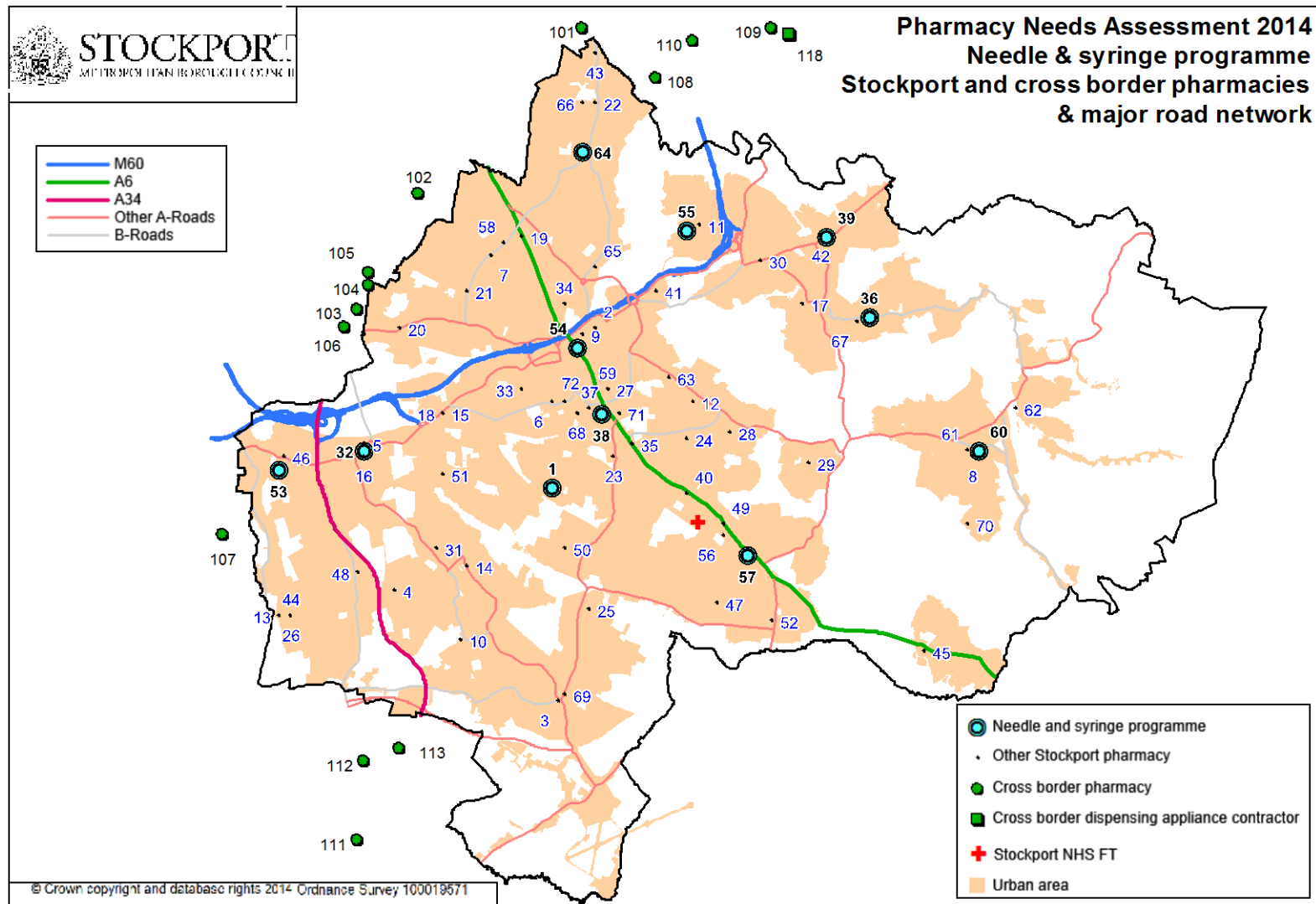
Pharmacies providing supervised methadone consumption

Map 14 associated data

Stockport Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	M -F	Sat	Sun
2	Asda Pharmacy	Warren Street	Stockport	SK1 1UA	✓	✓	✓
9	Boots [Stockport]	47-49 Merseyway	Stockport	SK1 1PU	✓	✓	✓
17	Cohens Chemists [Bredbury]	164-166 Higher Bents Lane	Bredbury	SK6 2LU	✓	x	x
18	Cohens Chemists [Cheadle Heath]	256 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG	✓	x	x
27	Hillgate Pharmacy	50 Higher Hillgate	Stockport	SK1 3PX	✓	✓	✓
32	Lloyds Pharmacy [Cheadle]	7 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AX	✓	✓	x
36	Lloyds Pharmacy [Romiley]	2 Chichester Road	Romiley	SK6 4BL	✓	✓	x
39	Lloyds Pharmacy [Woodley]	Woodley Health Centre	Woodley	SK6 1ND	✓	✓	x
45	Peak Pharmacy [High Lane]	The Village Green, Buxton Rd	High Lane	SK6 8DR	✓	✓	x
51	Scorah Chemist [Cheadle]	169 Councillor Lane	Cheadle	SK8 2JE	✓	✓	x
54	Superdrug Stores	4-6 Mersey Square	Stockport	SK1 1RA	✓	✓	x
55	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Brinnington]	Unit 5-6 Berwick Parade	Brinnington	SK5 8LQ	✓	✓	x
57	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hazel Grove 2]	221 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4HS	✓	x	x
64	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Reddish]	1-3 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6AZ	✓	✓	x

Map 15 – Needle and syringe programme Stockport and cross border pharmacies



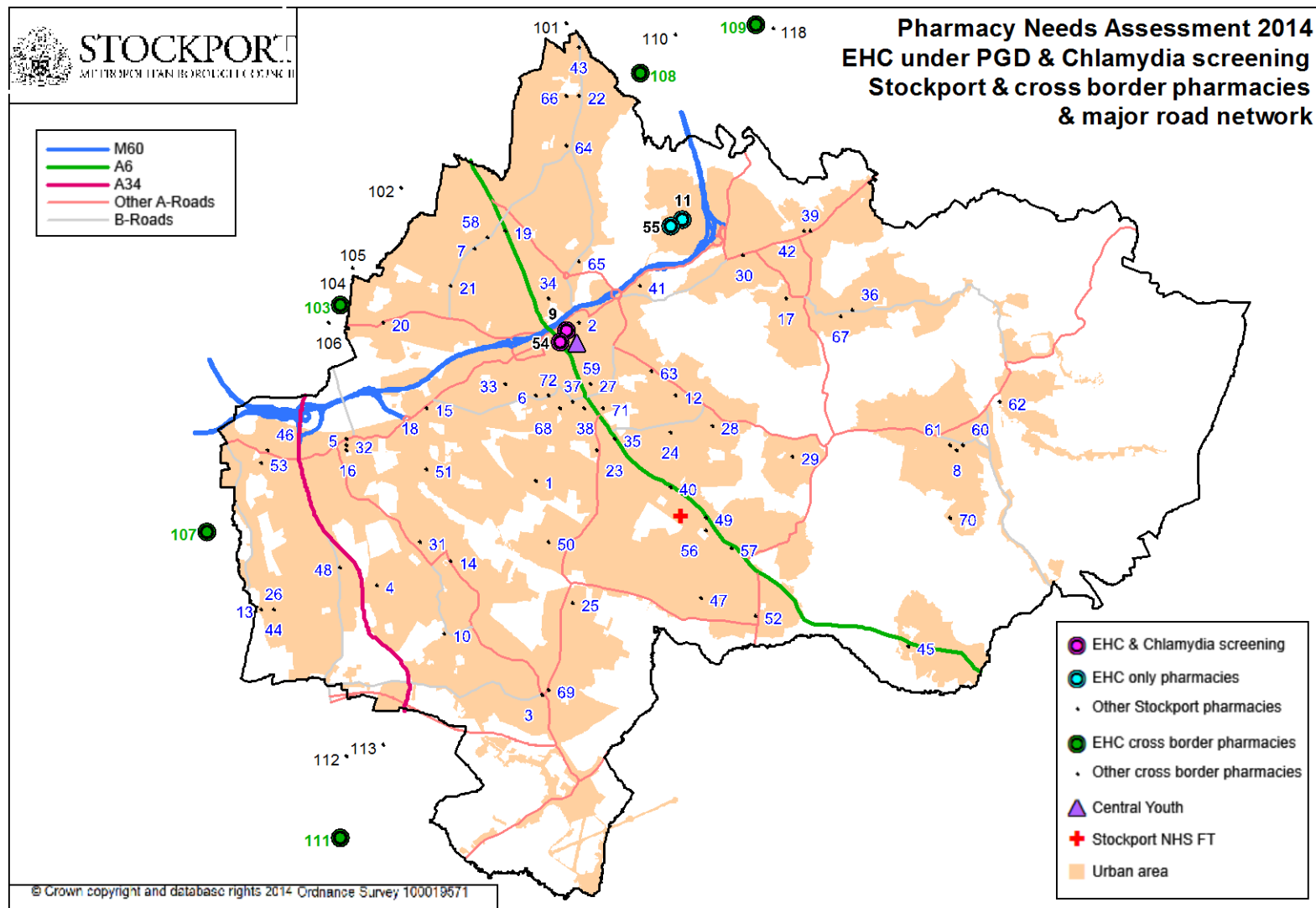
Pharmacies providing needle and syringe exchange

Map 15 associated data

Stockport Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Mon-Fri	Saturday	Sunday
1	Adswood Pharmacy	205 Garners Lane	Adswood	SK3 8QJ	✓	x	x
32	Lloyds Pharmacy [Cheadle]	7 High Street	Cheadle	SK8 1AX	✓	✓	x
36	Lloyds Pharmacy [Romiley]	2 Chichester Road	Romiley	SK6 4BL	✓	✓	x
38	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wellington Rd S]	236 Wellington Road South	Stockport	SK2 6NW	✓	✓	✓
39	Lloyds Pharmacy [Woodley]	Woodley Health Centre	Woodley	SK6 1ND	✓	✓	x
53	Singers Chemist	15 Church Road	Gatley	SK8 4NG	✓	✓	x
54	Superdrug Stores	4-6 Mersey Square	Stockport	SK1 1RA	✓	✓	x
55	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Brinnington]	Unit 5-6 Berwick Parade	Brinnington	SK5 8LQ	✓	✓	x
57	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hazel Grove 2]	221 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4HS	✓	x	x
60	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Marple]	6 The Hollins	Marple	SK6 6AY	✓	✓	x
64	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Reddish]	1-3 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6AZ	✓	✓	x

Map 16 – Emergency Hormonal Contraception under PGD & Chlamydia screening Stockport and cross border pharmacies



Pharmacies providing Emergency Hormonal Contraception under PGD & Chlamydia screening

Map 16 associated data

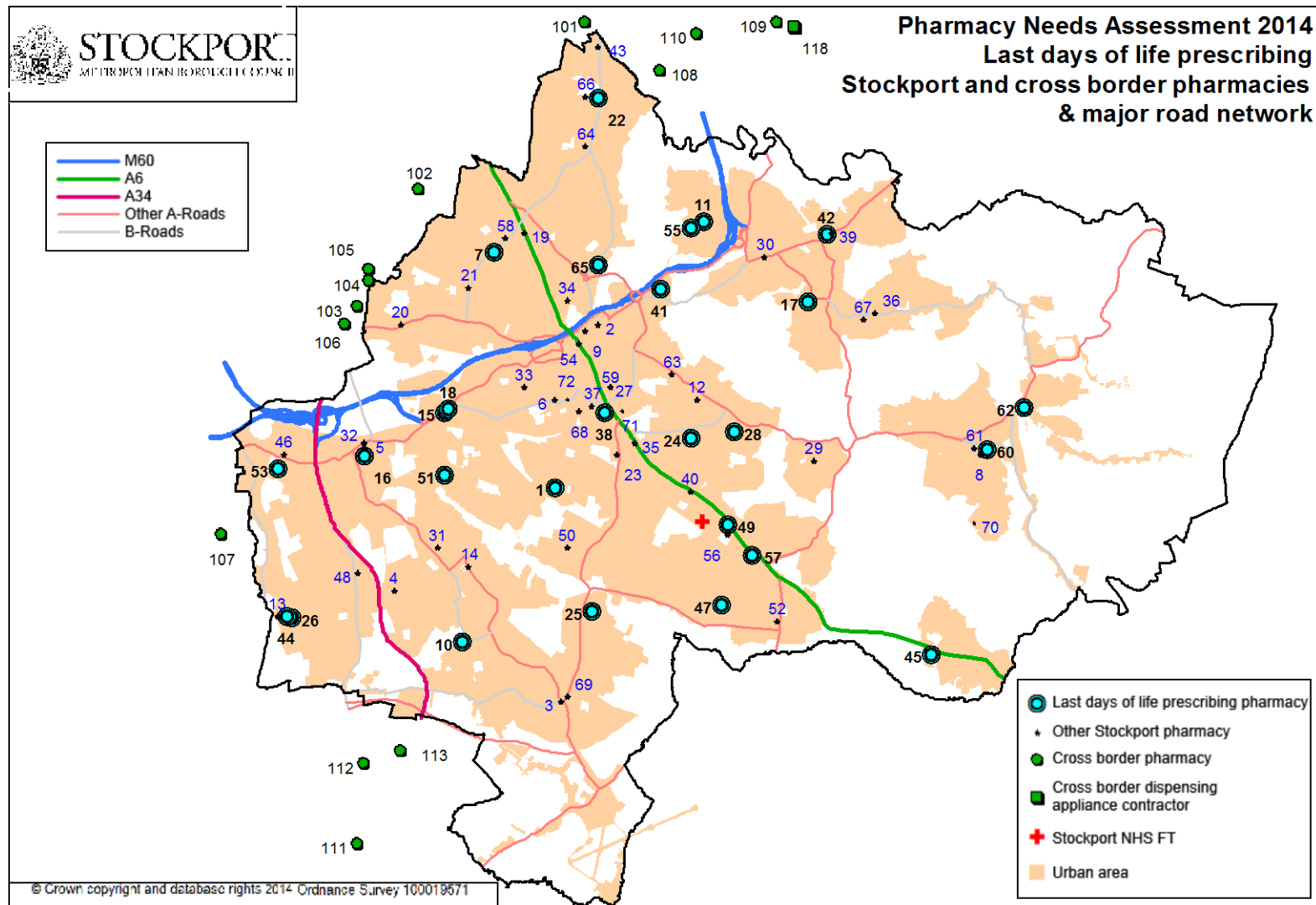
Stockport Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode	Mon-Fri	Saturday	Sunday	Chlamydia Screening
9	Boots [Stockport]	47-49 Merseyway	Stockport	SK1 1PU	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	Brinnington Pharmacy	Brinnington Health Centre	Brinnington	SK5 8BS	✓	✓	✓	x
54	Superdrug Stores	4-6 Mersey Square	Stockport	SK1 1RA	✓	✓	x	✓
55	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Brinnington]	Unit 5-6 Berwick Parade	Brinnington	SK5 8LQ	✓	✓	x	x

Cross Border Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address	Town	Postcode	Mon-Fri	Saturday	Sunday	Chlamydia Screening
103	Lancewise Pharmacy [Burnage]	6 Queensway	Burnage	M19 1QP	✓	✓	x	x
107	Dean & Co Ltd	Peel Hall Road	Wythenshawe	M22 5DW	✓	✓	x	x
108	Windmill Pharmacy	Windmill Lane	Denton	M34 2ET	✓	✓	x	x
109	Boots [Crown Point]	Crown Point Retail Park	Denton	M34 3LF	✓	✓	✓	x
111	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wilmslow]	Dean Row Road	Wilmslow	SK9 2TA	✓	✓	x	x
114	Boots [Piccadilly]	11-13 Piccadilly	Manchester	M1 1LY	✓	✓	✓	✓
115	Boots [Market Street]	Market Street	Manchester	M1 1PL	✓	✓	✓	✓

Map 17 – Last Days of Life Prescribing Pathway Stockport and cross border pharmacies



Pharmacies providing last days of life prescribing pathway

Map 17 associated data

Stockport Pharmacies

ID	Pharmacy	Address 1	Town	Postcode
1	Adswood Pharmacy	205 Garners Lane	Adswood	SK3 8QJ
7	Boots [Heaton Moor]	56-58 Heaton Moor Road	Heaton Moor	SK4 4NZ
10	Bridge Pharmacy	128 Hulme Hall Road	Cheadle Hulme	SK8 6LQ
11	Brinnington Pharmacy	Brinnington Health Centre	Brinnington	SK5 8BS
15	Cheadle Heath Pharmacy	258 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG
16	Cheadle Pharmacy	7 Ashfield Crescent	Cheadle	SK8 1BH
17	Cohens Chemists [Bredbury]	164-166 Higher Bents Lane	Bredbury	SK6 2LU
18	Cohens Chemists [Cheadle Heath]	256 Stockport Road	Cheadle Heath	SK3 0RG
22	Cohens Chemist [Reddish]	280-282 Gorton Road	Reddish	SK5 6RN
24	Dial House Pharmacy	144 Dialstone Lane	Offerton	SK2 6AP
25	Fir Road Pharmacy	8 Fir Road	Bramhall	SK7 2NP
26	Heald Green Pharmacy	208 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3QA
28	Jaybee Pharmacy	136 Lisburne Lane	Offerton	SK2 5RH
38	Lloyds Pharmacy [Wellington Rd S]	236 Wellington Road South	Stockport	SK2 6NW
41	Manor Pharmacy	32 Brinnington Road	Lower Brinnington	SK1 2EX
42	Medichem Pharmacy	34-35 Woodley Precinct	Woodley	SK6 1RJ
44	Peak Pharmacy [Heald Green]	204 Finney Lane	Heald Green	SK8 3QA
45	Peak Pharmacy [High Lane]	The Village Green, Buxton Rd	High Lane	SK6 8DR
47	Rowlands Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	61 Arundel Avenue	Hazel Grove	SK7 5LD
49	Sainsburys Pharmacy [Hazel Grove]	London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4AW
51	Scorah Chemist [Cheadle]	169 Councillor Lane	Cheadle	SK8 2JE
53	Singers Chemist	15 Church Road	Gatley	SK8 4NG
55	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Brinnington]	Unit 5-6 Berwick Parade	Brinnington	SK5 8LQ
57	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Hazel Grove 2]	221 London Road	Hazel Grove	SK7 4HS
60	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Marple]	6 The Hollins	Marple	SK6 6AY
62	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Marple Bridge]	19 Town Street	Marple Bridge	SK6 5AA
65	The Co-operative Pharmacy [Reddish 2]	26 Reddish Road	Reddish	SK5 7PE

Appendix 2 Consultation process and questions**Proposals for the Consultation**

The consultation for the 2015 Stockport PNA will be undertaken during the autumn of 2014 with the draft document available on line for review and comment by all statutory stakeholders (who will be notified by e-mail / letter (see below for a copy) and also by members of the public who choose to respond. The consultation will also include a set of four questions that can be considered by respondents.

Note that for the purposes of the regulation, a person is to be treated as served with a draft if that person is notified of the address of a website on which the draft is available and is to remain available (except due to accident or unforeseen circumstances) throughout the period for making responses to the consultation. Consultees can, if they request, be sent an electronic or hard copy version of the PNA.

Who will we consult with?

HWBs must consult the bodies set out in Regulation 8 at least once during the process of developing the PNA. Any neighbouring HWBs who are consulted should ensure any LRC in the area which is different from the LRC for the original HWB's area is consulted. These bodies are:

- any Local Pharmaceutical Committee for its area
- any Local Medical Committee for its area
- any persons on the pharmaceutical lists and any dispensing doctors list for its area;
- any LPS chemist in its area with whom the NHSCB has made arrangements for the provision of any local pharmaceutical services;
- any Local Healthwatch organisation for its area, and any other patient, consumer or community group in its area which in the opinion of HWB1 has an interest in the provision of pharmaceutical services in its area; and
- any NHS trust or NHS foundation trust in its area;
- the NHSCB; and
- any neighbouring HWB.

The list of those contacted directly is as follows:

Stockport Local Pharmaceutical Committee	Chair, Vice Chair, PNA Lead
Stockport Local Medical Committee	Chair, Secretary
Stockport Pharmaceutical lists	Contractor list secured for 72 local providers
LPS chemist	- none
Stockport Healthwatch	Chair, Chief Officer, Manager & PNA Lead
NHS trusts	Chief Executives, Medical Directors and Pharmacy leads of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stockport NHS Foundation Trust • Pennine Care NHS Trust • Mastercall
NHSCB	Director of Primary Care Commissioning, and Lead for Pharmacy of NHS E Greater Manchester
Neighbouring HWB	Chairs and PNA / JSNA leads of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tameside HWB - Manchester HWB - Cheshire East HWB - Derbyshire HWB

Specific public engagement will not be undertaken as part of the PNA, since there is no requirement to do this, however all commissioners and Healthwatch have been asked to review complaints and comments relating to Pharmacy services, and the findings of the JSNA patient experience principles will be used to inform the needs identified by the PNA. Any member of the public who wishes to provide comments will be welcome to do so.

What we will consult about

The following questions will be circulated to consultees to help consider the PNA thoroughly:

1. The document sets out the draft results of the pharmaceutical needs assessment for Stockport. Does it achieve this? If you think it does not, please explain why not.
2. Do you know of any relevant information that has not been included which could affect the statements or conclusions in this document? If yes, then please provide the additional information.
3. This document shows that pharmaceutical provision within Stockport is satisfactory with limited identified gaps. Do you agree with this statement? If you do not agree, what else should be considered?
4. Do you have any other relevant comments to add to this document?

Results of consultation

The results of the consultation will be considered thoroughly once the 60 day period has ended and the PNA will be revised in light of consultation.

Findings from the consultation will also be highlighted in the final version of the PNA in a separate section.

[Return to](#)



Stockport JSNA

joint strategic needs assessment

PNA Project Team
Public Health
Services to People
Stopford House
Piccadilly
Stockport, SK1 3XE
Tel: 0161 – 474 2447
E-mail: jsna@stockport.gov.uk

Ref: PNA 2015 Cons

12th September 2014

Dear Colleagues,

Stockport Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment 2015

As you may be aware, the Stockport Health and Wellbeing Board has a duty to prepare and publish a regular **Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment (PNA)**.

PNAs are comprehensive assessments of the **current and anticipated pharmaceutical needs of the community**. PNAs assist local commissioners and service providers by giving an evidence base on how best to plan and commission pharmacy services to meet the needs of the population.

We are undertaking a full update of the Stockport PNA in 2014-15, so that we can update our understanding of the priority needs of our population and meet our statutory duties. As part of this process we are required to conduct a consultation process with a number of local partners, including you.

We are therefore writing to you to inform you that the draft Stockport PNA 2015 is available at <http://www.stockport.gov.uk/services/socialcarehealth/healthandwellbeing/healthpartners/pna/> for your consideration, and will be located here until 17th November 2014. Please note that if you are one of our neighbouring Health and Wellbeing Boards that the regulations require you to share this consultation information with your local LPC and LMC, so they can also comment.

We would welcome your thoughts and comments on this document as it is vital that we produce a PNA that reflects our local needs accurately.

In particular we would welcome your views on the following questions, although of course you may make any comments you wish:

Consultation Questions

1. The document sets out the draft results of the pharmaceutical needs assessment for Stockport. Does it achieve this? If you think it does not, please explain why not.
2. Do you know of any relevant information that has not been included which could affect the statements or conclusions in this document? If yes, then please provide the additional information.
3. This document shows that pharmaceutical provision within Stockport is satisfactory with limited identified gaps. Do you agree with this statement? If you do not agree, what else should be considered?
4. Do you have any other relevant comments to add to this document?

Please forward responses to jsna@stockport.gov.uk or send a hard copy to the address above, clearly marked as PNA consultation, by **17th November 2014**.

All responses will be considered thoroughly once the consultation period is complete and any substantive issues identified will be addressed within the final PNA.

If you require a hard copy of the draft Stockport PNA or have any questions on the document or consultation process, please contact the PNA project team at jsna@stockport.gov.uk or on 0161 474 2447.

Yours sincerely,

Councillor John Pantall

Executive Member for Health and Wellbeing

Chair Stockport Health and Wellbeing Board

Appendix 3 Consultation response details

The Stockport Draft PNA 2015 consultation ran from 17th September to 17th November 2014; thereby meeting the requirement for a minimum consultation period of 60 days. The Document Control section on page 2 and appendix 2 identifies those parties consulted during the development of the draft PNA and those formally consulted on the draft PNA during the consultation period. The consultation sought feedback to four questions about the content of the PNA. Appendix 2 includes a copy of the consultation document.

In total twelve responses were received and reviewed by the PNA Project Group. All respondents have been contacted to offer thanks for their contribution and to provide specific feedback on issues raised where appropriate. The final PNA document has been amended to reflect the comments received as set out in section 6.2.

In summary the responses were as follows:

	Yes	No	No answer	Comment
The document sets out the draft results of the pharmaceutical needs assessment for Stockport. Does it achieve this? If you think it does not, please explain why not.	3		6	3
Do you know of any relevant information that has not been included which could affect the statements or conclusions in this document? If yes, then please provide the additional information.		3	6	3
This document shows that pharmaceutical provision within Stockport is satisfactory with limited identified gaps. Do you agree with this statement? If you do not agree, what else should be considered?	3		6	3
Do you have any other relevant comments to add to this document?		4		8

Overall respondents were positive that the PNA achieved its objective of setting out the pharmaceutical needs of Stockport residents.

The majority of the comments required minor clarification or factual correction within the PNA, or endorsed the findings of the PNA – these comments were acted on but are not summarised here. Other comments are summarised below:

The following comments were made/ issues raised:-

Qn	Comments / themes arising:	Response
1	2 factual change comments Restricting the inclusion of cross-border pharmacies to those dispensing over 15,000 items per year may mean that there are a substantial number of patients accessing pharmaceutical services in other cross-border pharmacies which are not identified in the PNA as this seems like a very high level. While we recognise that a figure is required as a	The review suggested was in fact carried out before the draft PNA was produced. Section 4 was amended to reflect this and set out the reasons for the choice of threshold level.

	<p>'cut-off point' it may be worth completing a review of cross-border pharmacies dispensing lower numbers to validate that the cut-off point is appropriate and that pharmaceutical provision has been accurately recorded in the PNA.</p>	
2	<p>2 factual change comments</p> <p>There could have been a more detailed demographic data on the population of Stockport.</p> <p>Information on the effectiveness of current pharmaceutical services would have been useful as part of the scene setting.</p>	<p>Detailed demographic data is included in the Stockport JSNA, and summarised in PNA. Link to data provided.</p> <p>These concerns were noted and discussed but are outside the scope of a PNA.</p>
3	<p>1 factual change comment</p> <p>It is unclear that all gaps have been identified due to the limited public engagement.</p> <p>It is not clear that regard to access to pharmaceutical services in the south and east of Stockport has been considered.</p> <p>Potential gaps in relation to Saturday opening hours in the context of expanding GP operating hours (2 separate comments on this theme)</p> <p>There could be more focus on areas such as teenage pregnancies, smoking cessation, alcohol abuse, obesity and health screening e.g. blood pressure checks, glucose monitoring and cholesterol checks. All of these are areas where community pharmacists can have an impact.</p> <p>Given the increasing elderly demographics, there are specific areas that need to be addressed including pharmaceutical input to care and nursing homes. MUR's need to focus on complex medication regimens often seen in elderly patients.</p> <p>Community pharmacists have an important role to play in preventing readmissions caused by medication.</p>	<p>Section 6.1 has been amended to set out the reasons why a specific public consultation was not undertaken.</p> <p>The PNA project group reviewed this provision, and assessed that the provision in this areas was sufficient to meet population need, particularly given the rural nature of the areas.</p> <p>These gaps have been commissioned for in the consultation period. Sections 4.3.2, 4.4.1 and 4.4.2 have been amended to reflect changes in service provision since September 2014.</p> <p>This data is summarised in section 3.3, again detailed data is included in the Stockport JSNA and a Link to data provided.</p> <p>Pharmaceutical support to nursing / care homes is a commercial issue and is beyond the scope of a PNA. other than the support service offered by the CCG and listed under 4.5.4.2</p>

	<p>The consultation on medicines optimisation by NICE needs to be reviewed and the needs assessment reviewed against the consultation proposals.</p> <p><u>4.4.2 Supervised consumption of opiate substitution medication</u> Are there enough supervised opiate substitution medications services in Stockport compared to other parts of Greater Manchester?</p> <p><u>4.4.4 Emergency Hormonal Contraception</u> Are four community pharmacies sufficient for the provision of EHC services?</p>	<p>These themes were noted and discussed but are outside the scope of a PNA.</p> <p>These NICE recommendations have not yet been finalised.</p> <p>The PNA group and PH commissioners reviewed provision and assessed it as sufficient to meet population needs, given the lower levels of drug use and teenage conceptions in Stockport compared to other areas of Greater Manchester.</p>
4	<p>Many factual change comments Many endorsement comments</p> <p>The PNA has treated Stockport as a single locality, though the document does describe differences in deprivation levels across the area. This decision will make it difficult for NHS England to understand the profile differences across Stockport and how this relates to pharmaceutical need (2 separate comments on this theme)</p> <p>Cheshire East Health and Wellbeing Board are due to publish its draft PNA for consultation. It statements relating to cross border flows, which you may wish to take account of in your final PNA.</p> <p>Concerns were raised about the number of internet pharmacies and the regulations governing them and threat to valuable community services.</p> <p>Concerns were raised about the security of communication between pharmacies and GP practices, particularly when this was done by fax.</p> <p>Concerns were raised about the pricing of medication and in particular the nationally accepted practice of supplying items that are not needed.</p>	<p>Section 2.4.3 has been amended to better explain the reasons for the decision to treat Stockport as a single locality. We accept that needs are not the same for all localities, but equally feel that within localities needs aren't the same either. The strategic principles identified are the key for testing provision levels.</p> <p>Section 3.4.1 has been added to reflect the proposals for development in Cheshire East</p> <p>These concerns were noted and discussed but are outside the scope of a PNA.</p> <p>These concerns were noted and discussed but are outside the scope of a PNA.</p> <p>These concerns were noted and discussed but are outside the scope of a PNA.</p>

All respondents have been contacted to offer thanks for their contribution and to provide specific feedback on issues raised where appropriate.

Appendix 4 PNA Project Team

Eleanor Banister	Stockport Council, Public Health – Head of Public Health Intelligence
Hazel Evans	External Primary Care Pharmacy Advisor (PCPA)
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Gillian Stone	Stockport LPC
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