

Stockport

updated 28 July 2010

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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Population 281,000

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk



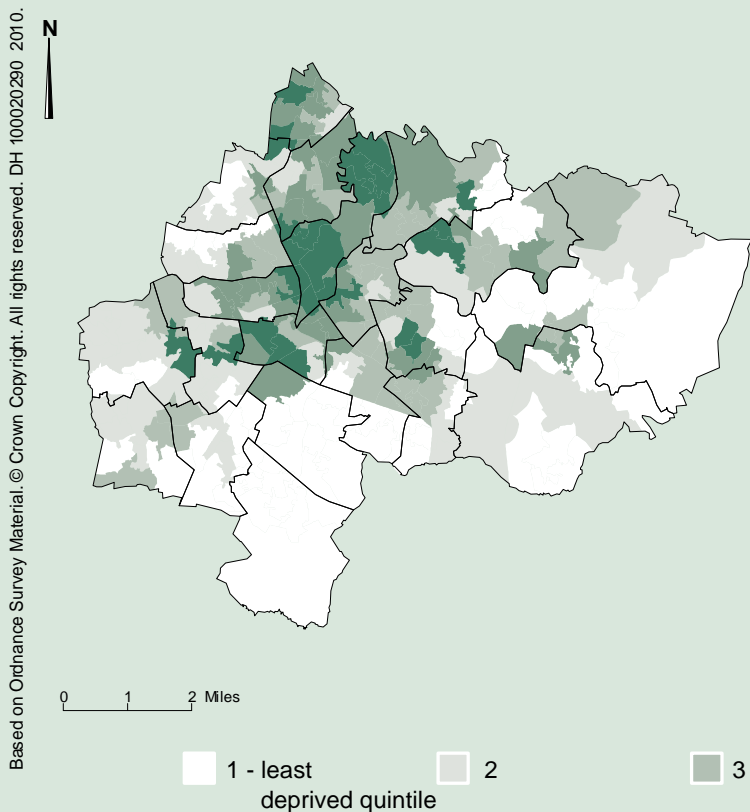
Stockport at a glance

- The health of people in Stockport is varied. Violent crime and road injuries and deaths rates are better than the England average. The estimated percentages of binge drinking adults, physically active adults and the incidence of malignant melanoma skin cancer rate are worse than the average for England, while the rate of deaths from smoking is similar to the England average.
- There are inequalities in Stockport. For example, men in the least deprived areas can expect to live almost 10 years longer than men in the most deprived areas, and for women the difference is over 7 years.
- Over the last ten years there has been a fall in death rates from all causes and early death rates from cancer, and from heart disease and stroke. The rates remain very close to the England average.
- The health of children and young people is varied. For example, the percentage of children classified as obese is better than the England average, while the percentage of mothers smoking in pregnancy is worse.
- Stockport Local Area Agreement has prioritised tackling deaths from heart disease and maximising smoking cessation as they are the main drivers of health inequalities in the area. Other priorities include reducing alcohol related hospital admissions, child obesity and teenage pregnancy.
- Further detail on the health of this area can be found at www.stockport.nhs.uk

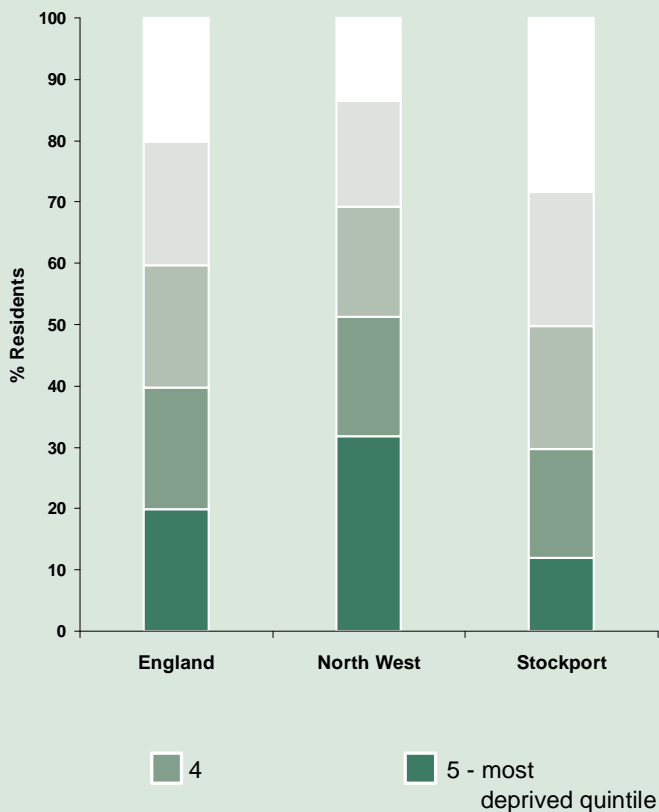


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

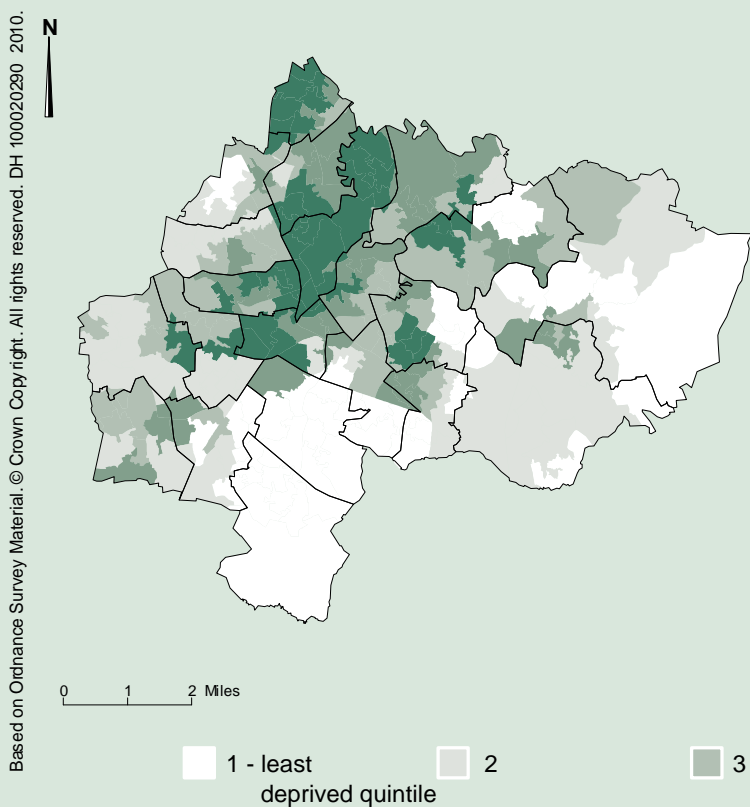


This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.

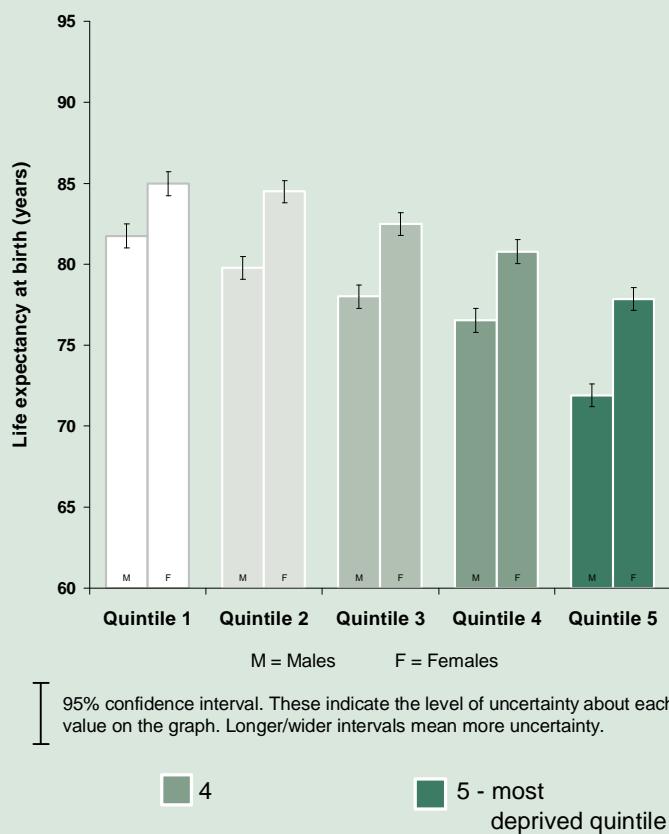


Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.



This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



Health inequalities: changes over time

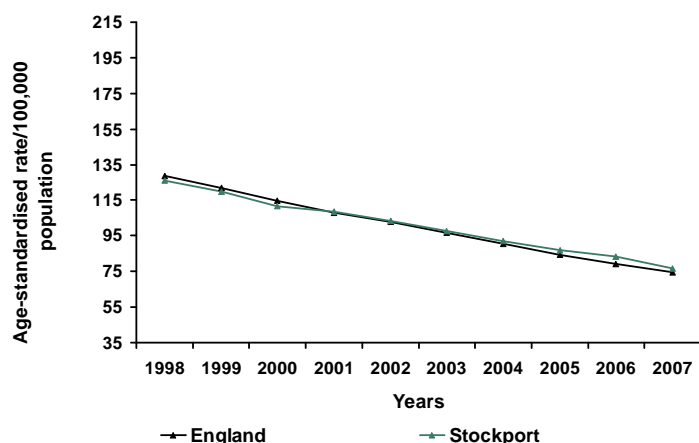
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

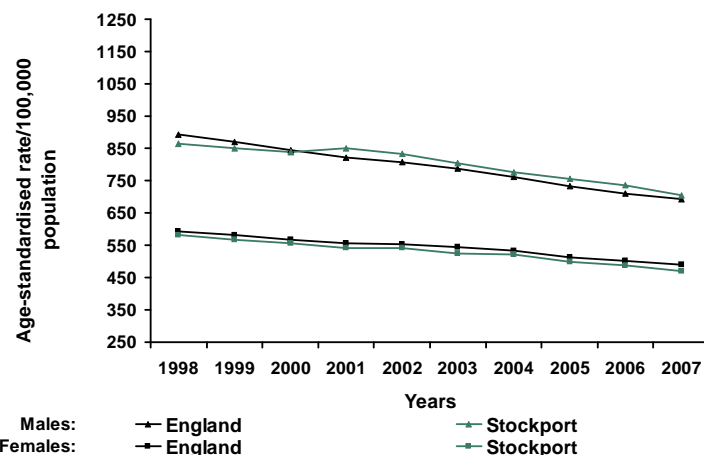
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

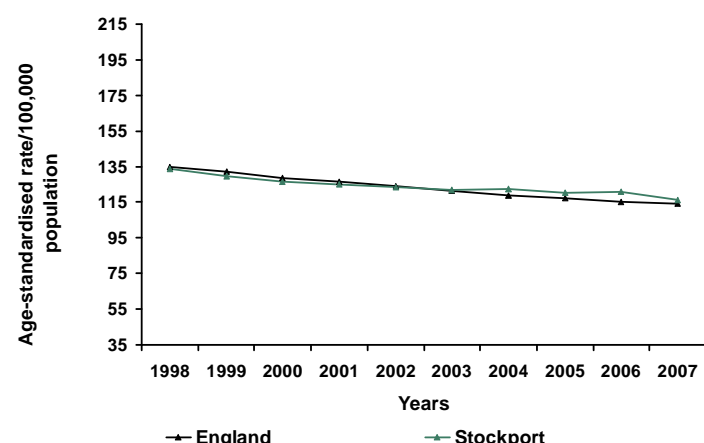
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

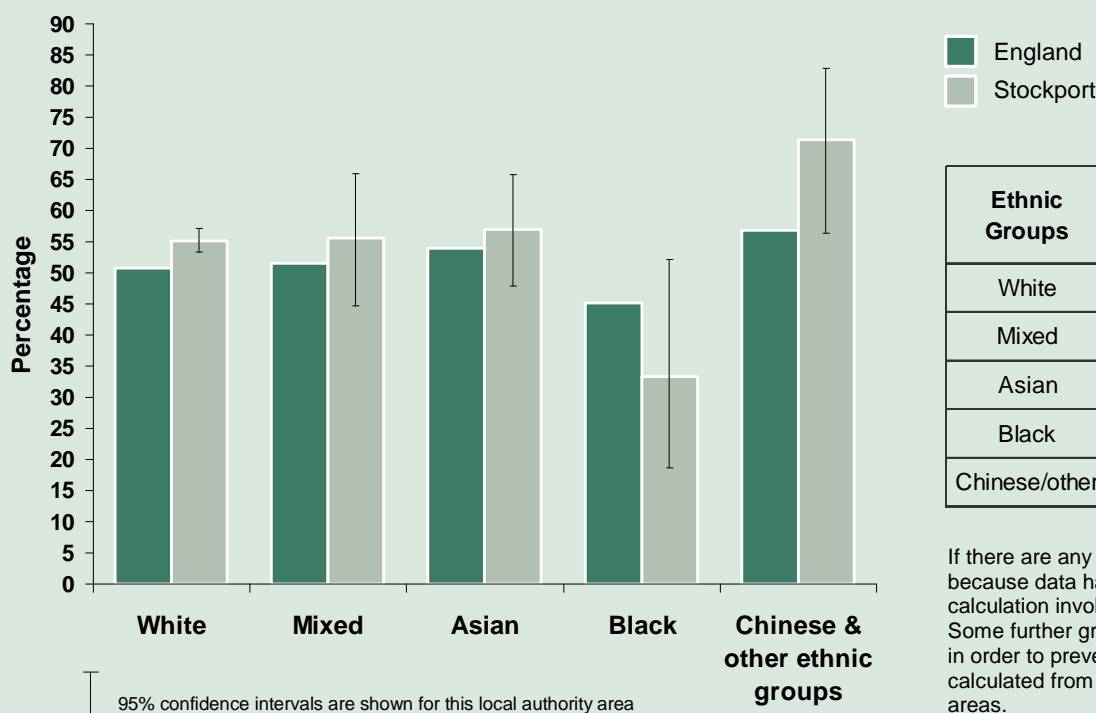


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.

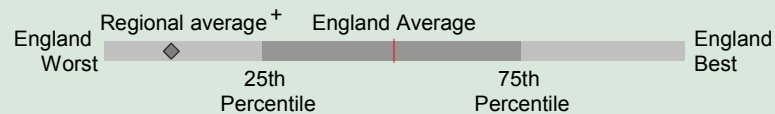


Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	55.2	1,510
Mixed	55.6	45
Asian	57.0	65
Black	33.3	9
Chinese/other	71.4	30

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
Our communities	1 Deprivation	33642	12.0	19.9	89.2	[Grey bar with red line at 19.9, Stockport at 12.0]	0.0
	2 Children in poverty	8509	15.6	22.4	66.5	[Grey bar with red line at 22.4, Stockport at 15.6]	6.0
	3 Statutory homelessness	128	1.05	2.48	9.84	[Grey bar with red line at 2.48, Stockport at 1.05]	0.00
	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	1681	55.2	50.9	32.1	[Grey bar with red line at 50.9, Stockport at 55.2]	76.1
	5 Violent crime	3094	11.0	16.4	36.6	[Grey bar with red line at 16.4, Stockport at 11.0]	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	1628	5.8	6.8	14.4	[Grey bar with red line at 6.8, Stockport at 5.8]	4.1
Children and young people's health	7 Smoking in pregnancy	555	16.9	14.6	33.5	[Grey bar with red line at 14.6, Stockport at 16.9]	3.8
	8 Breast feeding initiation	2391	73.0	72.5	39.7	[Grey bar with red line at 72.5, Stockport at 73.0]	92.7
	9 Physically active children	16099	48.4	49.6	24.6	[Grey bar with red line at 49.6, Stockport at 48.4]	79.1
	10 Obese children	168	6.1	9.6	14.7	[Grey bar with red line at 9.6, Stockport at 6.1]	4.7
	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	1.2	1.1	2.5	[Grey bar with red line at 1.1, Stockport at 1.2]	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	218	38.5	40.9	74.8	[Grey bar with red line at 40.9, Stockport at 38.5]	14.9
Adults' health and lifestyle	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	18.7	22.2	35.2	[Grey bar with red line at 22.2, Stockport at 18.7]	10.2
	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	24.3	20.1	33.2	[Grey bar with red line at 20.1, Stockport at 24.3]	4.6
	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	28.8	28.7	18.3	[Grey bar with red line at 28.7, Stockport at 28.8]	48.1
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	8.4	11.2	5.4	[Grey bar with red line at 11.2, Stockport at 8.4]	16.6
	17 Obese adults	n/a	21.9	24.2	32.8	[Grey bar with red line at 24.2, Stockport at 21.9]	13.2
Disease and poor health	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	48	16.8	12.6	27.3	[Grey bar with red line at 12.6, Stockport at 16.8]	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	5172	30.3	27.6	58.5	[Grey bar with red line at 27.6, Stockport at 30.3]	9.0
	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	5779	1760	1580	2860	[Grey bar with red line at 1580, Stockport at 1760]	784
	21 Drug misuse						
	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	11768	4.19	4.30	6.72	[Grey bar with red line at 4.30, Stockport at 4.19]	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	21	7	15	110	[Grey bar with red line at 15, Stockport at 7]	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	313	489.9	479.2	643.5	[Grey bar with red line at 479.2, Stockport at 489.9]	273.6
Life expectancy and causes of death	25 Excess winter deaths	151	17.8	15.6	26.3	[Grey bar with red line at 15.6, Stockport at 17.8]	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	77.9	77.9	73.6	[Grey bar with red line at 77.9, Stockport at 77.9]	84.3
	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.5	82.0	78.8	[Grey bar with red line at 82.0, Stockport at 82.5]	88.9
	28 Infant deaths	13	3.92	4.84	8.67	[Grey bar with red line at 4.84, Stockport at 3.92]	1.08
	29 Deaths from smoking	460	204.7	206.8	360.3	[Grey bar with red line at 206.8, Stockport at 204.7]	118.7
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	248	76.9	74.8	125.0	[Grey bar with red line at 74.8, Stockport at 76.9]	40.1
	31 Early deaths: cancer	369	116.3	114.0	164.3	[Grey bar with red line at 114.0, Stockport at 116.3]	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	79	28.0	51.3	167.0	[Grey bar with red line at 51.3, Stockport at 28.0]	14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 16 % aged 16+ 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75 2004-2006 19 Crude rate per 1,000 working age population 2008 20 Directly age and sex standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population for emergency admission 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 29 Per 100,000 population age 35+, directly age standardised rate 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

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